



POTASH WEST NL

A.C.N. 147 346 334

Annual Report

For the year ended
30 June 2012

Potash West NL
A.C.N. 147 346 334

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Corporate directory

Directors:

Adrian Griffin
Patrick McManus
George Sakalidis
Gary Johnson

Company Secretary:

Amanda Wilton-Heald

Auditor:

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Advanced Share Registry
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Stock Exchange Listing

Potash West NL shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX code: PWN).

Solicitors

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Chairman's Letter

Fellow shareholders,

This year has seen our company progress rapidly on its objective of unlocking the value in the Glaucosite deposit within the Dandaragan Trough. We are now in the process of completing a scoping study on the economics of the first plant producing Potash and other products using our proprietary K-Max[®] process, at a scale to supply most of Western Australia's potash requirements.

We have confirmed that the Glaucosite-bearing greensands are widespread throughout the Dandaragan Trough, and will announce a maiden JORC Mineral Resource estimate on the Dinner Hill prospect in October.

In parallel, our technology partners, Strategic Metallurgy has developed a process flow sheet which produces commodity grade Potassium Sulphate, which is a premium potash product, as well as significant by-products. The scoping study to evaluate the economics of the project is in progress and is expected to be completed by the end of 2012.

Sentiment in investment markets has not improved over the last twelve months and the support of our shareholders, in difficult times, is gratefully acknowledged. A small capital raising was completed in June 2012, raising \$1.65 million from existing shareholders and clients of Stellar Securities. We have recently listed our shares on the OTCQX (code: PWNYY), to access a North American investor market that is very familiar with listed companies in the fertiliser supply industry.

2013 will be an exciting year for Potash West, as we complete the scoping study, and move towards completing feasibility studies on the Dandaragan Trough Project. We believe this project has the potential to significantly reduce the costs of fertiliser to the agriculture industry in our region, while providing above-average returns to our shareholders.



Adrian Griffin
Chairman

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Directors' Report

The directors of Potash West NL ("Potash West" or "the Company") present their report for the year ended 30 June 2012.

Comparatives

The company was incorporated on 12 November 2010. Normally comparative figures would be for the year 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011. However due to the incorporation after 1 July 2010, comparative figures are for the period 12 November 2010 to 30 June 2011.

Directors

The names and details of the Company's directors in office during the financial year and until the date of this report are set out below, directors were in office for the entire year unless otherwise stated.

Adrian Griffin was appointed as Non-executive Chairman.

Patrick McManus was appointed as Managing Director.

George Sakalidis was appointed as Non-executive Director.

Gary Johnson was appointed as Non-executive Director.

Names, qualifications, experience and special responsibilities

Adrian Griffin (Age 59) Non-Executive Chairman

Adrian Griffin, an Australian-trained mining professional, has had exposure to metal mining and processing worldwide during a career spanning more than three decades. A pioneer of the lateritic nickel processing industry, he has helped develop extraction technologies for a range of minerals over the years. Today, Adrian specialises in mine management and production. He is a former Chief Executive Officer of Dwyka Diamonds Limited, an AIM- and ASX-listed diamond producer, was a founding director and executive of Washington Resources Limited and also a founding director of Empire Resources Limited, Ferrum Crescent Limited and Reedy Lagoon Corporation Limited. Moreover, Mr Griffin was a founding director of ASX-listed Northern Uranium, of which company he is currently a non-executive director. He is also managing director of ASX-listed Midwinter Resources NL, an African-focused iron ore project developer.

Other listed company directorships during the last 3 years:

Empire Resources Limited (Director February 2004 – November 2009); Reedy Lagoon Corporation Limited (Director May 2007 – November 2009); Ferrum Crescent Ltd (Director January 2010 – September 2010); Northern Minerals Ltd (Director June 2006 – present) and Midwinter Resources Ltd (Director February 2011 – Current).

Adrian Griffin is also a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee (Chairman) and the Nomination Committee (Chairman).

Patrick McManus (Age 59) Managing Director

Patrick McManus has a degree in mineral processing from Leeds University and an MBA from Curtin University. A mining professional for more than 30 years, his work has taken him to many sites within Australia and overseas, including Eneabba and the Murray Basin in Australia, and Madagascar, Indonesia and the United States. During that time, Patrick has worked in operational, technical and corporate roles for RioTinto, RGC Limited and Bemax Resources Limited. He was a founding director and, from January 2007 to March 2010, managing director of ASX-listed Corvette Resources Limited.

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Directors' Report (continued)

George Sakalidis (*Age 55*) *Non-Executive Director*

George Sakalidis is an exploration geophysicist of more than 20 years standing. His career has encompassed extensive exploration for gold, diamonds, base metals and mineral sands and with others, he compiled one of Australia's largest aeromagnetic databases, now held by Image Resources NL. Using this database, George contributed to a number of discoveries, including such gold discoveries as the Three Rivers and the Rose deposits in Western Australia. Moreover, he was instrumental in the acquisition of the Image Resources NL exploration tenements, and the design and interpretation of the magnetic surveys that led to the discovery of the large mineral sands resources at the Dongara project of Magnetic Minerals NL, of which he was a founding director. Also previously a director of North Star Resources NL, George is currently a director of Meteoric Resources NL, Magnetic Resources NL, Emu Nickel Pty Ltd, Image Resources NL and the unlisted Imperium Minerals Limited.

George Sakalidis is also a member of the Audit Committee (Chariman), Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

Gary Johnson (*Age 55*) *Non-Executive Director*

Gary Johnson is a metallurgist with more than 30 years of broad experience in all aspects of the mining industry. In his early career, he gained operational and project expertise with a range of metals in operations in Africa and Australia. Later, he was a member of the team operating the metallurgical pilot plant at the giant Olympic Dam copper, gold and uranium project in South Australia.

In 1998, after 10 years as chief metallurgist for a large gold producer, Mr Johnson formed his own specialised hydrometallurgical consulting company. During this year he worked closely with LionOre Mining International to develop the Activox® process for treating sulphide concentrates. When, in 2006, LionOre acquired Gary's company, he joined LionOre as a senior executive. In 2007, LionOre was taken over by MMC Norilsk Nickel and in 2009 Mr Johnson became managing director of the latter's Australian operations.

Today, Mr Johnson runs his own consulting company, which specialises in high-level metallurgical and strategic advice. He also holds several patents in the field of hydrometallurgy and is a director of the TSX-listed Hard Creek Nickel Corporation and ASX listed Antipa Minerals Ltd.

Gary Johnson is also a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

Company Secretary as at year end

Amanda Wilton-Heald (*Age 35*)

Amanda Wilton-Heald is a Chartered Accountant with over 14 years of experience in Australia and the UK.

Interests in the shares and options of the company and related bodies corporate

As at the date of this report, the interests of the directors (included related parties) in the shares and options of the company were:

	Number of ordinary shares	Number of options over ordinary shares
Adrian Griffin	3,455,261	250,000
Patrick McManus	1,715,000	500,000
George Sakalidis	700,517	250,000
Gary Johnson	250,000	250,000

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Directors' Report (continued)

Dividends

No dividend has been paid or declared since the start of the financial year and the directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in respect of the financial year.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the entity during the financial year was the exploration for minerals, namely potash.

Review of operations and activities

Operating results for the year

The loss after income tax benefit for the year ended 30 June 2012 was \$3,900,096 (2011: \$808,723).

The financial position of the Company is presented in the attached Statement of Financial Position.

Dandaragan Trough project

The Company has obtained the Potash and Phosphate rights for more than 2,900 sq km of ground within this geological feature, more than 80% of the total basin. The trough is known to carry significant deposits of glauconite, within greensand beds, which are a mixture of quartz and glauconite.

Work on the project has consisted of two activities, exploration drilling to delineate a JORC resource and process design to develop a flow sheet capable of unlocking the value of the elements within the glauconite. We have made good progress on both fronts.

Exploration Drilling

During the year the Company completed 13,527m of aircore drilling in 284 drill holes. The majority of this was reconnaissance in nature and located along road verges allowing a rapid evaluation of the extensive tenement area. Most drill holes penetrated significant thicknesses of Coolyena Group sediments consisting of fine to medium grained glauconitic sandstone, siltstone and claystone. Whilst deep weathering is common over the project area, the drilling has demonstrated that near surface grades above 4.0% K₂O are present and confirm primary targets as being elevated areas with slopes having gradients with active erosional surfaces.

Geological observations and assays from the road verge program were interpreted and preliminary geological models constructed resulting in the delineation of areas containing substantial intersections of near surface, fresh greensand with encouraging K₂O grades. Results were released to the ASX on 3 April 2012.

This work identified ten areas that met our criterion of:

- Plus 10 metres intersection of
- Plus 3% K₂O,
- Less than 10 metres from the surface

Key results, of all composited intersections greater than 3.0% K₂O above a lower cut-off grade of 2.0% K₂O from drill holes PWAC026 to PWAC160, are shown in Table 1.

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Directors' Report (continued)

Hole	MGA Zone50 mE	MGA Zone 50 mN	m RL	Target Area	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	K ₂ O%	P ₂ O ₅ %
PWAC029	380987	6676709	279	Marchagee	38	50	12	4.09	0.65
PWAC030	380099	6676710	282	Marchagee	4	42	38	3.05	0.44
				inc	30	42	12	4.08	0.74
PWAC035	368148	6636740	362	Dinner Hill	10	18	8	4.48	0.44
PWAC036	368128	6636050	359	Dinner Hill	6	14	8	4.52	0.20
PWAC037	368139	6635359	353	Dinner Hill	2	12	10	3.57	1.06
PWAC039	374383	6628239	309	Northwest	42	78	36	3.06	0.94
PWAC040	375224	6628056	286	Northwest	6	24	18	3.74	1.01
PWAC063	400003	6629460	225	Coomberdale	28	58	30	3.16	0.10
PWAC091	393477	6539771	234	Koorian	10	16	6	3.80	2.12
PWAC092	393938	6539759	246	Koorian	30	38	8	4.04	2.93
PWAC094	394612	6539807	240	Koorian	26	33	7	3.56	2.65
PWAC095	394942	6539827	235	Koorian	22	28	6	3.33	2.46
PWAC099	395028	6537246	242	Koorian	32	62	30	3.56	1.93
PWAC100	394602	6537172	240	Koorian	28	52	24	3.98	2.22
PWAC101	394151	6537175	224	Koorian	22	52	30	3.76	2.01
				inc	26	48	22	4.21	2.17
PWAC102	394917	6537590	224	Koorian	18	38	20	3.78	1.70
PWAC110	379994	6577594	236	Walyoo Hill	26	42	16	3.12	0.06
PWAC111	379015	6577586	218	Walyoo Hill	22	40	18	3.21	0.05
PWAC116	381093	6579180	238	Walyoo Hill	20	33	13	3.12	0.09
PWAC117	381089	6580018	236	Walyoo Hill	20	30	10	3.08	0.06
PWAC118	381082	6580800	240	Walyoo Hill	26	34	8	3.35	0.07
PWAC133	375324	6597689	219	Menardie	2	36	34	4.21	1.70
				inc	4	28	24	4.83	1.48
PWAC138	376418	6588115	244	Stockyard	32	54	22	3.72	1.64
PWAC141	376112	6588879	239	Stockyard	30	48	18	4.09	1.33
PWAC142	375646	6588889	213	Stockyard	6	24	18	3.87	1.79

Note:

1. Hole collars located by handheld GPS
2. All drill holes are vertical. Stratigraphy is flat lying so intersections represent true widths
3. Drilling is by the aircore method
4. Samples collected over 2m intervals via rig mounted rotary splitter
5. Samples visually logged by geologist
6. K₂O is hosted almost totally by glauconite
7. Intervals containing potassium feldspar have been excluded using visual identification, elemental ratios and XRD.
8. Assays by Genalysis, Perth, XRF method FB1, phosphate majors package
9. Lower cut-off grade for compositing is 2% K₂O
10. All composited intervals above 3% K₂O are tabulated herein

Table 1 Key results from roadside drilling programme

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Directors' Report (continued)

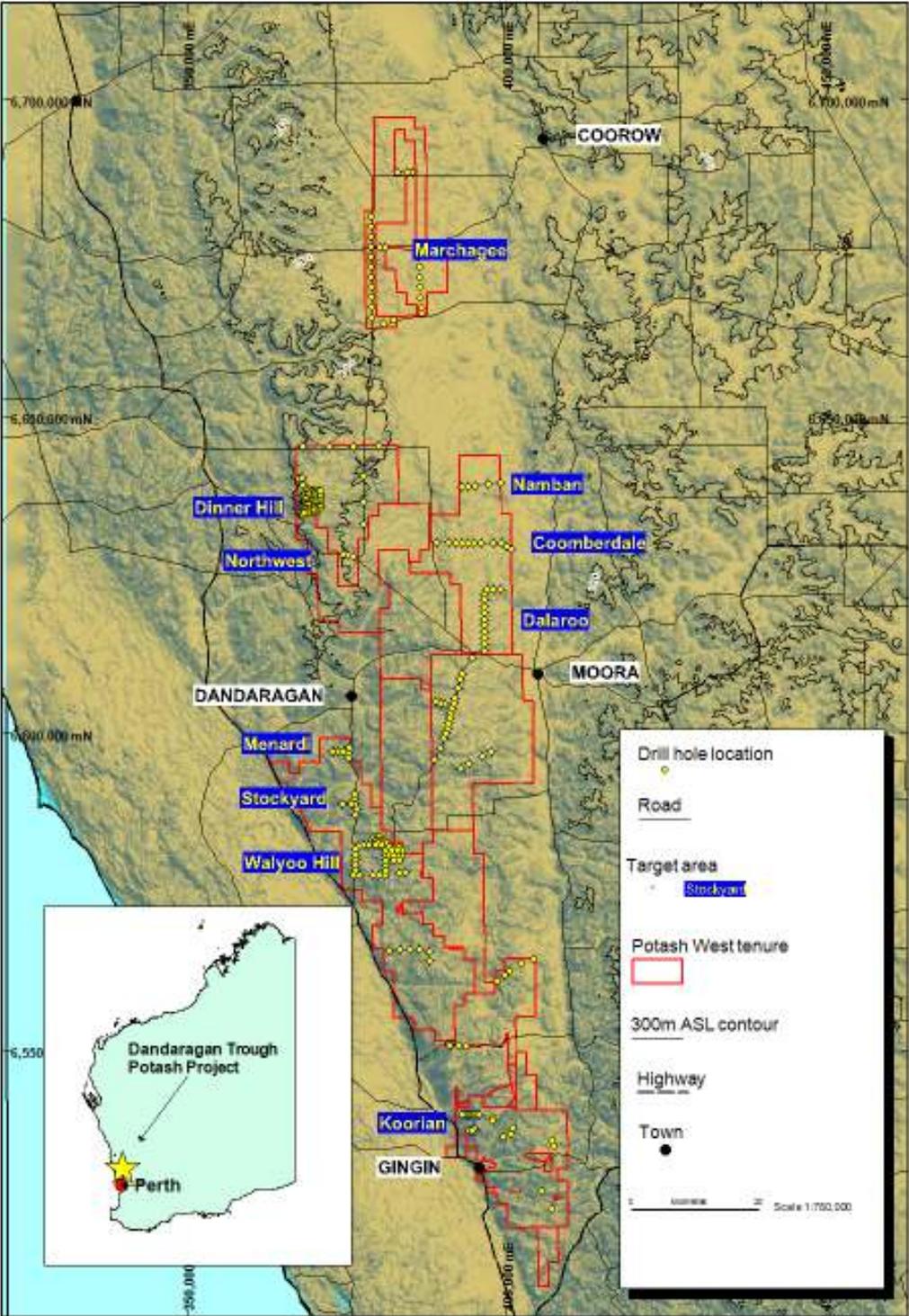


Figure 2 Drill hole location plan, Dandaragan Trough

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Directors' Report (continued)

Follow up grid drilling, on freehold land, was carried out, after obtaining access and statutory approvals. Drilling was carried out on the Koorian, Dinner Hill and Walyoo Hill prospects, of these it was determined, based on K₂O grades, that the Dinner Hill prospect offered the best opportunity to provide a JORC resource and subsequent drilling has focussed on that area.

A synopsis of drilling statistics is shown in Table 2:

Project Area	Metres	Holes
Koorian	655	14
Walyoo Hill	908	23
Dinner Hill	3,272	83

Table 2 second stage drilling programme

Assay results for this programme were released to the market on 17 September 2012 and a resource statement is anticipated in Q4 2012.

Process Design

Glaucosite has the chemical formula of $(K_{0.9}, Na_{0.1})(Fe_{1.6}, Mg_{0.4})(Si_{2.6}, Al_{1.4})O_{10}(OH)_2$, and is an iron potassium phyllosilicate. It is a member of the mica family. As a mica it is not as refractory as most silicates and breaks down under acid conditions, allowing it to be considered as an economic source of Potash.

Strategic Metallurgy, a group with extensive hydrometallurgy experience have carried out a large number of leaching, liquid/solid separation and crystallisation tests and trials. From this work a flow sheet has been developed that produces a range of products, including sulphate of potash (SOP), high Mg SOP, phosphate, alum and iron oxide. Preliminary cost estimations are sufficiently encouraging to take the next step and carry out a more detailed engineering estimate of capital and operating costs, as well as a marketing study. This work has commenced and is expected to be completed by the end of 2012.

The process flow sheet is based on intellectual property (IP) which is of great value to Potash West. We intend to capitalise on this asset by investigating other potential applications for the technology. Patent applications are being prepared, but it is our intention not to divulge all the details of the process, in order to protect that IP. Consequently we believe that, to give the market comfort that the process is robust, we must have the cost estimates carried out by an independent, respected, engineering group. This is being carried out by Tenova Bateman Projects with results being available in December 2012.

Langey Project

We entered into a Joint Venture with Heron Resources on the Langey phosphate and glaucosite deposit, 60 km south of Derby, in the Kimberley region of Western Australia. The project is close to the Fitzroy River and meetings with the traditional owners in the region revealed that a newly declared buffer zone around the river would preclude exploration activities on a significant part of the potential resource. This has reduced the value of the project and we have decided to withdraw from the Joint Venture.

Corporate

The North American investor market is familiar with the Potash market as an investment opportunity. To take advantage of this we have moved to set up an ADR facility for Potash West shares and an OTCQX listing, to allow American brokers to recommend the stock to their clients and to trade the stock within their time zone. We believe this will increase the demand and liquidity for our shares.

The company has entered into a corporate advisory agreement with Stellar Securities, a boutique Australian broking house. A capital raising was carried out, to clients of Stellar Securities and existing shareholders. 7.3 million shares were issued at 22.5 cents, to raise \$1.65 million.

Directors' Report (continued)

Other Opportunities

We will continue to evaluate projects and opportunities that we may become aware of.

Competent Persons Statement

The geological information in this report is based on information compiled by Lindsay Cahill, who is a Member of Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Cahill has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Cahill is a consultant to the mining industry. This report is issued with Mr Cahill's consent as to the form and context in which the exploration results appear.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company from 1 July 2011 to the date of this report.

Significant events after the balance date

There have not been any matters that have arisen after balance date that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations and activities of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years other than disclosed elsewhere in this annual report.

Likely developments and expected results

Disclosure of information regarding likely developments in the operations of the Company in future financial years and the expected results of those operations is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Company. Therefore, this information has not been presented in this report.

Environmental regulation and performance

The Company's activities are subject to Australian legislation relating to the protection of the environment. The Company is subject to significant environmental legal regulations in respect to its exploration and evaluation activities. There have been no known breaches of these regulations and principles.

Indemnification and Insurance of directors and officers

The Company has entered into deeds of access and indemnity with the officers of the Company, indemnifying them against liability incurred, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceedings. The indemnity applies to a liability for costs and expenses incurred by the director or officer acting in their capacity as a director or officer.

Except in the case of a liability for legal costs and expenses, it does not extend to a liability that is:

- (a) owed to the Company or a related body corporate of the Company;
- (b) for a pecuniary penalty order under section 1317G or a compensation order under section 1317H or section 1317HA of the Corporations Act 2001; or
- (c) owed to someone other than the Company or a related body corporate of the Company where the liability did not arise out of conduct in good faith.

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Directors' Report (continued)

Similarly, the indemnity does not extend to liability for legal costs and expenses:

- (d) in defending proceedings in which the officer is found to have a liability described in paragraph (a), (b) or (c);
- (e) in proceedings successfully brought by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission or a liquidator; or
- (f) in connection with proceedings for relief under the Corporations Act 2001 in which the court denies the relief.

During or since the financial year, the Company has paid premiums in respect of a contract insuring all the Directors and Officers. The terms of the contract prohibit the disclosure of the details of the insurance contract and premiums paid.

Share Options

As at the date of this report there were 1,950,000 unissued ordinary shares under options (1,950,000 at the reporting date).

Option holders do not have any right, by virtue of the option, to participate in any share issue of the company or any related body corporate.

Non-audit services

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to its statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Company are important.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor, Ernst & Young, and non-audit services provided during the year are set out below.

	2012
	<u>\$</u>
Remuneration of the auditor of the Company for:	
-other services; research & development tax concession.	<u>6,174</u>
	<u>6,174</u>

Directors' meetings

Meetings of directors held and their attendance during the financial year were as follows:

Name of director:	Directors' meeting held whilst in office	Directors' meetings attended	Audit Committee meetings held	Audit Committee meetings attended	Remuneration and Nomination Committee meetings held	Remuneration and Nomination Committee meetings held
Adrian Griffin	6	6	1	1	1	1
Patrick McManus	6	6	-	-	-	-
George Sakalidis	6	6	1	1	1	1
Gary Johnson	6	6	1	-	1	-

Use of funds

The company has used the cash and assets readily convertible to cash, that it had at the time of admission to listing on the ASX in a way consistent with its business objectives.

Directors' Report (continued)

Remuneration Report (audited)

This Remuneration Report outlines the director and executive remuneration arrangements of the Company in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and its Regulations. For the purpose of this report, Key Management Personnel (KMP) of the Company are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, and includes executives of the Company. The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Details of Key Management Personnel

(i) Directors:

Adrian Griffin	Non-Executive Chairman
Patrick McManus	Managing Director
George Sakalidis	Non-Executive Director
Gary Johnson	Non-Executive Director

(ii) Executives:

Lindsay Cahill	Geologist
Amanda Wilton-Heald	Company Secretary
Robert Van Der Laan	Chief Financial Officer

Remuneration Philosophy

The performance of the Company depends upon the quality of its directors and executives. To prosper, the Company must attract, motivate and retain highly skilled directors and executives.

To this end, the Company embodies the following principles in its remuneration framework:

- Provide competitive rewards to attract high calibre executives;
- Link executive rewards to shareholder value.

Shares and options issued under the incentive plans provide an incentive to stay with the Company. At this time, shares and options issued do not have performance criteria attached. This policy is considered to be appropriate for the Company, having regard to the current state of its development.

The Company does not have a policy which precludes directors and executives from entering into contracts to hedge their exposure to options or shares granted to them as remuneration.

Directors' Report (continued)

Remuneration Report (audited) (continued)

The Company also recognises that, at this stage in its development, it is most economical to have only a few employees and to draw, as appropriate, upon a pool of consultants selected by the directors on the basis of their known management, geoscientific, and engineering and other professional and technical expertise and experience. The Company will nevertheless seek to apply the principles described above to its directors and executives, whether they are employees of/or consultants to the Company.

Remuneration Committee Responsibilities

During the year ended 30 June 2012, the Company established a Remuneration Committee.

The Committee assesses the appropriateness of the nature and amount of remuneration of directors and senior executives on a periodic basis by reference to relevant employment market conditions, with the overall objective of ensuring maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of a high quality Board and executive team.

Remuneration Structure

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of non-executive and executive director remuneration is separate and distinct.

Non-executive director remuneration

Objective

The Board seeks to set aggregate remuneration at a level which provides the Company with the ability to attract and retain directors of the highest calibre, whilst incurring a cost which is acceptable to shareholders.

Structure

The Company's constitution and the ASX Listing Rules specify that the aggregate remuneration of non-executive directors must be determined from time to time by shareholders of the Company in a general meeting. An amount not exceeding the amount determined is then divided between the non-executive directors. As at the date of the report, the aggregate directors' fees for non-executive Directors has been set at an amount not exceeding \$120,000 per annum.

The amount of aggregate remuneration sought to be approved by shareholders and the manner in which it is apportioned amongst non-executive directors is reviewed annually. The Board may consider advice from external consultants, as well as the fees paid to non-executive directors of comparable companies, when undertaking the annual review process.

Each non-executive director receives a fee for being a director of the Company. No additional fee is paid for participating in the Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees.

Non-executive directors are encouraged by the Board to hold shares in the Company (purchased on market and in accordance with the Company's approved policies to ensure there is no insider trading). It is considered good governance for directors of a company to have a stake in that company. The non-executive directors of the Company may also participate in the share and option plans as described in this report.

As an incentive to employees, the Company has adopted a scheme called the Potash West Employee Incentive Scheme ('the Scheme'). The purpose of the Scheme is to give employees, Directors, executive officers and consultants of the Company an opportunity, in the form of shares and/or options, to subscribe for shares and/or options in the Company. The Directors consider that the Scheme will enable the Company to retain and attract skilled and experienced employees, Board members and executive officers and provide them with the motivation to participate in the future growth of the Company and, upon becoming shareholders in the Company, to participate in the Company's profits and development.

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Directors' Report (continued)

Remuneration Report (audited) (continued)

Executive director and senior management remuneration

Objective

The Company aims to reward executives with a level and mix of remuneration commensurate with their position and responsibilities within the Company and so as to:

- reward executives for Company, business team and individual performance;
- align the interests of executives with those of shareholders; and
- ensure total remuneration is competitive by market standards.

Structure

- At this time, the cash component of remuneration paid to the Executive director, the Company Secretary and other senior managers is not dependent upon the satisfaction of performance conditions.
- It is current policy that some executives be engaged by way of consultancy agreements with the Company, under which they receive a contract rate based upon the number of hours of service supplied to the Company. There is provision for yearly review and adjustment based on consumer price indices. Such remuneration is hence not dependent upon the achievement of specific performance conditions. This policy is considered to be appropriate for the Company, having regard to the current state of its development.
- Executive directors are encouraged by the Board to hold shares in the Company (purchased on market and in accordance with the Company's approved policies to ensure there is no insider trading). It is considered good governance for directors of a company to have a stake in that company. The Executive directors of the Company may also participate in the share and option plans as described in this report.

Performance table

The following table details the loss of the Company from continuing operations after income tax, together with the basic loss per share since the incorporation of the company:

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Net loss from continuing operations after income tax	3,900,096	808,723
Basic loss per share in cents	4.65	1.08
Share Price in Cents	23.0	18.00

Agreements with non-executive directors

There have been no changes to the agreements with the non-executive directors, Mr Adrian Griffin, Mr George Sakalidis and Mr Gary Johson during the year and until the date of this report.

The agreements provide the non-executive directors with an annual director's fees of \$40,000 per annum inclusive of 9% superannuation. There have been no changes in the annual director's fees since the grant date of 12 November 2010. In the event of termination, there is no notice period required.

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Directors' Report (continued)

Remuneration Report (audited) (continued)

The company has also entered into a services agreement with Strategic Metallurgy Pty Ltd for the provision of Metallurgical Services. Service fees are agreed on an arm's length transaction basis. Mr Gary Johnson is a director and shareholder of Strategic Metallurgy Pty Ltd.

Executive director and senior management remuneration

Long-Term Incentive ("LTI") awards to executives are made under the Employee Share Plan ("ESP") and are delivered in the form of shares. Shares granted under the ESP are released equally over 36 months, 12 months from the grant date.

Performance measure to determine vesting

Agreement with Managing Director

There have been no changes to the agreement with the managing director, Mr Patrick McManus during the year and until the date of this report.

The agreement provides Mr Patrick McManus with an annual salary of \$250,000 inclusive of 9% superannuation.

The agreement can be terminated by either party by giving three months' notice or payment of three months' salary in lieu of notice.

Agreement with Company Secretary

On 13 May 2011, the company entered into an agreement containing the terms and conditions under which the services of Company Secretary are provided to the Company.

The agreement involves the payment to the Company associated with Mrs Wilton-Heald of a monthly fee of \$2,500 (excluding GST) and reimbursement of expenses.

Agreement with Chief Financial Officer

Mr Robert Van Der Laan was appointed as Chief Financial Officer, effective on 13 May 2011. On 5 August 2011 the company entered into an agreement containing the terms and conditions under which the services of Chief Financial Officer are provided. In the event of termination, there is no notice period required.

The agreement involves the payment to the Company associated with Robert Van der Laan of an hourly fee of \$120 and reimbursement of expenses.

Agreement with Exploration Manager

On 25 August 2011, the Company and a company associated with Mr Lindsay Cahill entered into an agreement containing the terms and conditions under which the services of Mining Services Manager are provided to the Company. In the event of termination, there is no notice period required.

The agreement involves the payment to the Company associated with Mr Cahill of an hourly fee of \$125 and reimbursement of expenses.

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Directors' Report (continued)

Remuneration Report (audited) (continued)

Directors' Remuneration 2012

Executive	Short-term		Post-employment benefits		Share and Option Based Payments		Total
	Directors' Fees	Salary and Consulting Fees	Superannuation Contribution	Termination Benefits	Shares	Options	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Adrian Griffin	36,697	-	3,303	-	-	25,025**	65,025
Patrick McManus	-	200,010	49,990*	-	-	50,050**	300,050
George Sakalidis	36,697	-	3,303	-	-	25,025**	65,025
Gary Johnson	36,697	-	3,303	-	-	25,025**	65,025
Total	110,091	200,010	59,899	-	-	125,125	495,125

* Patrick McManus elected to contribute part of his remuneration into his nominated superannuation fund.

** 1,250,000 \$0.28 options were issued to the directors exercisable on or before 30 November 2014 for their services. The options were valued at \$0.1001 per option.

Executives' Remuneration 2012

Executive	Short-term		Post-employment benefits		Share and Option Based Payments		Total
	Salary	Consulting Fees	Superannuation Contribution	Termination Benefits	Shares	Options	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Lindsay Cahill	-	133,933	-	-	57,300	34,700	225,933
Robert Van der Laan	-	74,940	-	-	57,300	-	132,240
Amanda Wilton-Heald	-	33,713 [^]	-	-	19,100	-	52,813
Total	-	242,586	-	-	133,700	34,700	410,986
Total Directors' and Executives' Remuneration	110,091	442,596	59,899	-	133,700	159,825	906,111

[^] Mining Corporate Pty Ltd, a company of which the Company Secretary, Amanda Wilton-Heald is an employee, was paid \$33,713 (2011:\$4,032) in cash for company secretarial and accounting services.

No remuneration is performance related.

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Directors' Report (continued)

Remuneration Report (audited) (continued)

Directors' Remuneration 2011

Executive	Short-term		Post-employment benefits		Share Based	Total
	Directors' Fees	Salary and Consulting Fees	Superannuation Contribution	Termination Benefits	Payments	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	Shares	\$
Adrian Griffin	6,116	2,544	551	-	-	9,211
Patrick McManus	-	-	41,667*	-	200,000*	241,667
George Sakalidis	6,116	-	551	-	-	6,667
Gary Johnson	6,116	-	551	-	-	6,667
Total	18,348	2,544	43,320	-	200,000	264,212

* Patrick McManus elected to contribute his remuneration into his nominated superannuation fund.

** 2,000,000 shares were issued to Patrick McManus at fair value of \$0.100001 per share for his services. \$0.000001 was received from Patrick McManus in cash.

Executives' Remuneration 2011

Executive	Short-term		Post-employment	Share based	Total
	Salary	Consulting Fees	benefits Superannuation Contribution	payment Shares	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Lindsay Cahill	-	4,437	-	-	4,437
Robert Van der Laan	-	12,360	-	-	12,360
Amanda Wilton-Heald	-	4,032	-	-	4,032
Total	-	20,829	-	-	20,829

No remuneration is performance related.

Incentive shares and options: Granted and vested during the year

Shares

A total of 700,000 shares were issued to key management executives as part of the incentive plan during the year ended 30 June 2012.

Executives	Year	Shares granted	Issue date	Fair value	Value of shares	Remuneration
		during the year		per share at grant date*	granted during the year	consisting of shares for the year
		No.		\$		%
Lindsay Cahill	2012	300,000	20-Oct-2011	0.1910	\$57,300	25.36
Robert Van der Laan	2012	300,000	20-Oct-2011	0.1910	\$57,300	43.33
Amanda Wilton-Heald	2012	100,000	20-Oct-2011	0.1910	\$19,100	36.17
Total		700,000	-	-	133,700	-

* The fair value per share at grant date is calculated using 10-day average weighted price from the grant date

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Directors' Report (continued)

Remuneration Report (audited) (continued)

Incentive shares and options: Granted and vested during the year (continued)

Options

A total of 1,750,000 options were granted to directors and executives as part of the incentive plan during the year ended 30 June 2012

<u>Directors</u>	Options granted during the year	Exercise price	Grant date	Fair Value per options at grant date*	Expiry date	Vesting Date**	No. vested during the year	No. lapsed during the year
	No.	\$		\$				
Adrian Griffin	250,000	0.28	30-Nov-2011	0.1001	30-Nov-2014	30-Nov-2011	250,000	-
Patrick McManus	500,000	0.28	30-Nov-2011	0.1001	30-Nov-2014	30-Nov-2011	500,000	-
George Sakalidis	250,000	0.28	30-Nov-2011	0.1001	30-Nov-2014	30-Nov-2011	250,000	-
Gary Johnson	250,000	0.28	30-Nov-2011	0.1001	30-Nov-2014	30-Nov-2011	250,000	-
<u>Executive</u>								
Lindsay Cahill	500,000	0.30	08-Sep-2011	0.0694	08-Sep-2014	08-Sep-2011	500,000	-
Total	1,750,000	-	-	-	-		1,750,000	-

* The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 17.

** During the year, 1,150,000 shares were issued under the Employee Share Plan (ESP) accounted for an in-substance options, 1,250,000 options were issued under the Employee Option Plan (EOP), 700,000 options were issued to consultants and 312,500 shares were issued for consultancy services. The fair value of shares and options granted under the ESP, EOP and to consultants is estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing methodology, taking into account the terms and services were valued at the market price at the date of issue as the value of the services received could not be reliably measured. Options issued during the period vested at grant date.

The Company has provided each employee with a loan up to the amount payable in respect of the shares. Shares granted under the ESP are released equally over 36 months, 12 months from the grant date under normal circumstances at which time the employee has the option of repaying in full of the loan and the shares are fully vested in the employee's name under the ESP or the Company selling the shares and applying the proceeds of the sales in repayment of the loan irrespective of the value of the shares at that date.

Furthermore, if the employee ceases to be an eligible employee before the date that share granted are released then the employee has the option of repaying in full of the loan and the shares are fully vested in the employee's name under the ESP or the Company selling the shares and applying the proceeds of the sales in repayment of the loan irrespective of the value of the shares at that date. Hence, the Company has therefore elected to treat the ESP shares as if they have vested immediately for accounting purposes.

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Directors' Report (continued)

Remuneration Report (audited) (continued)

	Value of options granted during the year ** \$	Value of options exercised during the year \$	Value of options lapsed during the year \$	Remuneration consisting of options for the year %
Adrian Griffin	25,025	-	-	38.49
Patrick McManus	50,050	-	-	16.68
George Sakalidis	25,025	-	-	38.49
Gary Johnson	25,025	-	-	38.49
Lindsay Cahill	34,700	-	-	15.36
Total	159,825	-	-	-

End of Remuneration Report.

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Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 15 and forms part of this report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'P. McManus', written in a cursive style.

Patrick McManus
Managing Director
Perth

Potash West NL
A.C.N. 147 346 334

Auditors Independence Declaration



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Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of Potash West NL

In relation to our audit of the financial report of Potash West NL for the financial year ended 30 June 2012, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* or any applicable code of professional conduct.

Ernst & Young

R A Kirkby
Partner
Perth
26 September 2012

Corporate Governance Statement

The Company is committed to implementing the highest standards of corporate governance. In determining what those high standards should involve the Company has considered the ASX Corporate Governance Council's *Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Recommendations*.

In line with the above, the Board has set out the way forward for the Company in its implementation of its Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Recommendations. The approach taken by the Board was to set a blueprint for the Company to follow as it introduces elements of the governance process. Due to the current size of the Company and the scale of its operations it is neither practical nor economic for the adoption of all of the recommendations approved via the Board Charter. Where the Company has not adhered to the recommendations it has stated that fact in this Corporate Governance Statement however has set out a mandate for future compliance when the size of the Company and the scale of its operations warrants the introduction of those recommendations.

1. Board of Directors

1.1 Role of the Board

The Board's role is to govern the Company rather than to manage it. In governing the Company, the Directors must act in the best interests of the Company as a whole. It is the role of senior management to manage the Company in accordance with the direction and delegations of the Board and the responsibility of the Board to oversee the activities of management in carrying out those delegated duties.

In carrying out its governance role, the main task of the Board is to drive the performance of the Company. The Board must also ensure that the Company complies with all of its contractual, statutory and any other legal obligations, including the requirements of any regulatory body. The Board has the final responsibility for the successful operations of the Company.

To assist the Board carry its functions, it has developed a Code of Conduct to guide the Directors. A copy of the code is available on the Company's website (www.potashwest.com.au).

1.2 Composition of the Board

To add value to the Company the Board has been formed so that it has effective composition, size and commitment to adequately discharge its responsibilities and duties. The names of the Directors and their qualifications and experience have been stated in the Directors' Report of the 2012 Annual Report along with the term of office held by each of the Directors. Directors are appointed based on the specific skills required by the Company and on their decision-making and judgment.

The Company recognises the importance of Non-Executive Directors and the external perspective and advice that Non-Executive Directors can offer. There are currently three Non-Executive Directors on the board of the Company who are also independent directors.

An Independent Director:

1. is a Non-Executive Director and;
2. is not a substantial shareholder of the Company or an officer of, or otherwise associated directly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company;
3. within the last three years has not been employed in an executive capacity by the Company or another group member, or been a Director after ceasing to hold any such employment;
4. within the last three years has not been a principal of a material professional adviser or a material consultant to the Company or another group member, or an employee materially associated with the service provided;
5. is not a material supplier or customer of the Company or another group member, or an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a material supplier or customer;
6. has no material contractual relationship with the Company or other group member other than as a Director of the Company;
7. has not served on the Board for a period which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company; and
8. is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

Materiality for the purposes of points 1 to 8 above is determined on the basis of both quantitative and qualitative aspects with regard to the independence of directors. An amount over 5% of the Company's expenditure or 10% of the particular directors annual gross income is considered to be material. A period of more than six years as a director would be considered material when assessing independence.

Mr Adrian Griffin is a Non-Executive Director and Chairman of the Company and meets the Company's criteria for independence. Although Mr Adrian Griffin has entered into a profit à prendre re mineral interest rights with the Company, he is still considered to be independent as the agreement is not considered to be material as the proportion vended in is insignificant to both parties. His experience and knowledge of the Company makes his contribution to the Board such that it is appropriate for him to remain on the Board and in his position as Chairman.

Mr Gary Johnson is a Non-Executive Director of the Company, is a material consultant to the Company and therefore does not meet the Company's criteria for independence. His experience and knowledge of the Company makes his contribution to the Board such that it is appropriate for him to remain on the Board and in his position as a Non-Executive Director.

Mr George Sakalidis is a Non-Executive Director of the Company and meets the Company's criteria for independence. Although Image Resources NL, of which Mr George Sakalidis is a director, has entered into a profit à prendre re mineral interest rights with the Company, Mr George Sakalidis is still considered to be independent as the agreement is not considered to be material as the proportion vended in is insignificant to both parties. His experience and knowledge of the Company makes his contribution to the Board such that it is appropriate for him to remain on the Board and in his position as a Non-Executive Director.

Mr Patrick McManus is an Executive Director of the Company and does not meet the Company's criteria for independence. However, his experience and knowledge of the Company makes his contribution to the Board such that it is appropriate for him to remain on the Board.

1.3 Responsibilities of the Board

In general, the Board is responsible for, and has the authority to determine, all matters relating to the policies, practices, management and operations of the Company. It is required to do all things that may be necessary to be done in order to carry out the objectives of the Company.

Without intending to limit this general role of the Board, the principal functions and responsibilities of the Board include the following.

1. Leadership of the Organisation: overseeing the Company and establishing codes that reflect the values of the Company and guide the conduct of the Board.
2. Strategy Formulation: to set and review the overall strategy and goals for the Company and ensuring that there are policies in place to govern the operation of the Company.
3. Overseeing Planning Activities: the development of the Company's strategic plan.
4. Shareholder Liaison: ensuring effective communications with shareholders through an appropriate communications policy and promoting participation at general meetings of the Company.
5. Monitoring, Compliance and Risk Management: the development of the Company's risk management, compliance, control and accountability systems and monitoring and directing the financial and operational performance of the Company.
6. Company Finances: approving expenses and approving and monitoring acquisitions, divestitures and financial and other reporting.
7. Human Resources: reviewing the performance of Executive Officers and monitoring the performance of senior management in their implementation of the Company's strategy.
8. Ensuring the Health, Safety and Well-Being of Employees: in conjunction with the senior management team, developing, overseeing and reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's occupational health and safety systems to ensure the well-being of all employees.
9. Delegation of Authority: delegating appropriate powers to the CEO (Executive Director) to ensure the effective day-to-day management of the Company and establishing and determining the powers and functions of the Committees of the Board.

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

Full details of the Board's role and responsibilities are contained in the Board Charter. A copy of the charter is available on the Company's website (www.potashwest.com.au).

1.4 Board Policies

1.4.1 Conflicts of Interest

Directors must:

- disclose to the Board actual or potential conflicts of interest that may or might reasonably be thought to exist between the interests of the Director and the interests of any other parties in carrying out the activities of the Company; and
- if requested by the Board, within seven days or such further period as may be permitted, take such necessary and reasonable steps to remove any conflict of interest.

If a Director cannot or is unwilling to remove a conflict of interest then the Director must, as per the Corporations Act, absent himself or herself from the room when discussion and/or voting occurs on matters about which the conflict relates.

1.4.2 Commitments

Each member of the Board is committed to spending sufficient time to enable them to carry out their duties as a Director of the Company.

1.4.3 Confidentiality

In accordance with legal requirements and agreed ethical standards, Directors and key executives of the Company have agreed to keep confidential, information received in the course of the exercise of their duties and will not disclose non-public information except where disclosure is authorised or legally mandated.

1.4.4 Continuous Disclosure

The Board has designated the Company Secretary as the person responsible for overseeing and coordinating disclosure of information to the ASX as well as communicating with the ASX. In accordance with the *ASX Listing Rules* the Company immediately notifies the ASX of information:

1. concerning the Company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities; and
2. that would, or would be likely to, influence persons who commonly invest in securities in deciding whether to acquire or dispose of the Company's securities.

A copy of the strategy is available on the Company's website (www.potashwest.com.au).

1.4.5 Education and Induction

It is the policy of the Company that each new Director undergo an induction process in which they are given a full briefing on the Company. Where possible this includes meetings with key executives, tours of the premises, an induction package and presentations. Information conveyed to new Directors include:

- details of the roles and responsibilities of a Director;
- formal policies on Director appointment as well as conduct and contribution expectations;
- a copy of the Board Charter;
- a copy of the Corporate Governance Statement, Charters, Policies and Memos and
- a copy of the Constitution of the Company.

In order to achieve continuing improvement in Board performance, all Directors are encouraged to undergo continual professional development.

1.4.6 Independent Professional Advice

The Board collectively and each Director has the right to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, up to specified limits, (that limit is currently set at \$2,000), to assist them to carry out their responsibilities.

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

1.4.7 Related Party Transactions

Related party transactions include any financial transaction between a Director and the Company. Unless there is an exemption under the Corporations Act from the requirement to obtain shareholder approval for the related party transaction, the Board cannot approve the transaction.

1.4.8 Shareholder Communication

The Company respects the rights of its shareholders and to facilitate the effective exercise of those rights the Company is committed to:

1. communicating effectively with shareholders through releases to the market via ASX, information mailed to shareholders and the general meetings of the Company;
2. giving shareholders ready access to balanced and understandable information about the Company and corporate proposals;
3. making it easy for shareholders to participate in general meetings of the Company; and
4. requesting the external auditor to attend the annual general meeting and be available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report of future Annual Reports.

The Company also makes available a telephone number and email address for shareholders to make enquiries of the Company. A copy of the policy is available on the Company's website (www.potashwest.com.au).

1.4.9 Trading in Company Shares

The Company has a Share Trading Policy which states that Directors, members of senior management, certain other employees and their associates likely to be in possession of unpublished price sensitive information may not trade in the Company's securities prior to that unpublished price sensitive information being released to the market via the ASX and which include restrictions on trading in closed periods, complying with the ASX Listing Rule requirements. A copy of the policy is available on the Company's website (www.potashwest.com.au). Unpublished price sensitive information is information regarding the Company, of which the market is not aware, that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities.

1.4.10 Performance Review / Evaluation

It is the policy of the Board to conduct evaluation of its performance. The objective of this evaluation is to provide best practice corporate governance to the Company. To date, there has been no formal process put in place for performance evaluation. However, a general review of the Board and executives occurs on an on-going basis to ensure that structures suitable to the Company's status as a listed entity are in place. A copy of the policy is available on the Company's website (www.potashwest.com.au).

1.4.11 Attestations by CEO and CFO

It is the Board's policy, that the MD and the CFO make the attestations recommended by the ASX Corporate Governance Council as to the Company's financial condition prior to the Board signing future Annual Reports.

1.4.12 Risk Management Policy

The Company's risk management strategy policy states that the Board as a whole is responsible for the oversight of the Company's risk management and control framework. The objectives of the Company's risk management strategy are to:

- identify risks to the Company;
- balance risk to reward;
- ensure regulatory compliance is achieved; and
- ensure senior executives, the Board and investors understand the risk profile of the Company.

The Board monitors risk through various arrangements including:

- regular Board meetings;
- share price monitoring;
- market monitoring; and
- regular review of financial position and operations.

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

The Company has developed a Risk Register in order to assist with the risk management of the Company. The Company's risk management strategy was formally reviewed by the Board on 23 November 2010 and has since been readopted by the Board on 20 September 2011 and was considered a sound strategy for addressing and managing risk. A copy of the strategy is available on the Company's website (www.potashwest.com.au).

1.4.13 Diversity Policy

The Company recognises and respects the value of diversity at all levels of the organisation. The Company is committed to setting measurable objectives for attracting and engaging women at the Board level, in senior management and across the whole organisation.

As at the date of this report, the Company has the following proportion of women appointed:

- to the Board – 0%
- to senior management – 20%
- to the organisation as a whole – 14%

The Company's objective is to promote a culture which embraces diversity through ongoing education, succession planning, director and employee selection and recognising skills are not gender specific. The Company's Diversity Policy is located on its website (www.potashwest.com.au).

2. Board Committees

2.1 Audit Committee

The Audit Committee consists of Mr Adrian Griffin, Mr George Sakalidis and Mr Gary Johnson.

The Audit Committee met once during the financial year ended 30 June 2012 and two out of three members were present at the meeting.

2.2 Remuneration Committee

2.2.1.1 Role

The role of a Remuneration Committee is to assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities in respect of establishing appropriate remuneration levels and incentive policies for employees.

The Remuneration Committee consists of three (3) non-executive directors, being Mr Adrian Griffin, Mr George Sakalidis and Mr Gary Johnson and the Company Secretary. The Chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Mr Adrian Griffin, an independent director. The Remuneration Committee met once during the financial year ended 30 June 2012 and two out of three members were present at the meeting.

2.2.1.2 Responsibilities

The responsibilities of a Remuneration Committee include setting policies for senior officers' remuneration, setting the terms and conditions of employment for the Executive Director, reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the Company's incentive schemes and superannuation arrangements, reviewing the remuneration of both Executive and Non-Executive Directors, recommendations for remuneration by gender and making recommendations on any proposed changes and undertaking reviews of the Executive Director's performance, including, setting with the Executive Director goals and reviewing progress in achieving those goals.

2.2.2 Remuneration Policy

2.2.2.1 Non-Executive Director Remuneration Policy

Non-Executive Directors are to be paid their fees out of the maximum aggregate amount approved by shareholders for the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors.

2.2.2.2 Executive Director Remuneration

Executive Director remuneration is set by the board with the executive director in question not present.

2.2.3 Current Director Remuneration

Full details regarding the remuneration of Directors has been included in the Directors' Report of the 2012 Annual Report. A copy of the Remuneration Committee Charter is available on the Company's website (www.potashwest.com.au).

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

2.3 Nomination Committee

2.3.1.1 Role

The role of a Nomination Committee is to help achieve a structured Board that adds value to the Company by ensuring an appropriate mix of skills are present in Directors on the Board at all times.

The Nomination Committee consists of three (3) non-executive directors, being Mr Adrian Griffin, Mr George Sakalidis and Mr Gary Johnson and the Company Secretary. The Chairman of the Nomination Committee is Mr Adrian Griffin, an independent director. The Nomination Committee met once during the financial year ended 30 June 2012 and two out of three members were present at the meeting.

2.3.1.1 Responsibilities

The responsibilities of a Nomination Committee would include devising criteria for Board membership, regularly reviewing the need for various skills and experience on the Board and identifying specific individuals for nomination as Directors for review by the Board. The Nomination Committee also oversees management succession plans including the MD and his/her direct reports and evaluate the Board's performance and make recommendations for the appointment and removal of Directors. Currently the Board as a whole performs this role. Matters such as remuneration, expectations, terms, the procedures for dealing with conflicts of interest and the availability of independent professional advice are clearly understood by all Directors, who are experienced public company Directors.

2.3.2 Criteria for selection of Directors

Directors are appointed based on the specific governance skills required by the Company. Given the size of the Company and the business that it operates, the Company aims at all times to have at least one Director with experience appropriate to the Company's operations. The Company's current directors all have relevant experience in the operations. In addition, Directors should have the relevant blend of personal experience in:

- Accounting and financial management; and
- Director-level business experience.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for implementing a program to identify, assess and enhance director competencies. In addition, the Nomination Committee puts in place succession plans to ensure an appropriate mix of skills, experience, expertise and diversity are maintained on the Board. A copy of the Nomination Committee Charter is available on the Company's website (www.potashwest.com.au).

3. Company Code of Conduct

As part of its commitment to recognising the legitimate interests of stakeholders, the Company has established a Code of Conduct to guide compliance with legal and other obligations to legitimate stakeholders. These stakeholders include employees, clients, customers, government authorities, creditors and the community as whole. The Company Code of Conduct was adopted by resolution of the Board on 23 November 2010. This Code includes the following:

Responsibilities to Shareholders and the Financial Community Generally

The Company complies with the spirit as well as the letter of all laws and regulations that govern shareholders' rights. The Company has processes in place designed to ensure the truthful and factual presentation of the Company's financial position and prepares and maintains its financial statements fairly and accurately in accordance with the generally accepted accounting and financial reporting standards.

Responsibilities to Clients, Customers and Consumers

The Company has an obligation to use its best efforts to deal in a fair and responsible manner with each of the Company's clients, customers and consumers and is committed to providing clients, customers and consumers with fair value.

Employment Practices

The Company policy is to endeavour to provide a safe workplace in which there is equal opportunity for all employees at all levels of the Company. The Company does not tolerate the offering or acceptance of bribes or the misuse of Company assets or resources. As at the date of this Corporate Governance Statement there are no employees who are not also directors.

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

Obligations Relative to Fair Trading and Dealing

The Company aims to conduct its business fairly and to compete ethically and in accordance with relevant competition laws. The Company strives to deal fairly with the Company's customers, suppliers and competitors.

Responsibilities to the Community

As part of the community the Company: is committed to conducting its business in accordance with applicable environmental laws and regulations

Responsibility to the Individual

The Company is committed to keeping private information from employees, clients, customers, consumers and investors confidential and protected from uses other than those for which it was provided.

Conflicts of Interest

Directors and Employees must avoid conflicts as well as the appearance of conflicts between personal interests and the interests of the Company.

How the Company Complies with Legislation Affecting its Operations

Within Australia, the Company strives to comply with the spirit and the letter of all legislation affecting its operations. Outside Australia, the Company will abide by local laws in all countries in which it operates. Where those laws are not as stringent as the Company's operating policies, particularly in relation to the environment, workplace practices, intellectual property and the giving of "gifts", Company policy will prevail.

How the Company Monitors and Ensures Compliance with its Code.

The Board of the Company is committed to implementing this Code of Conduct and each individual is accountable for such compliance. Disciplinary measures may be imposed for violating the Code. A copy of the code is available on the Company's website (www.potashwest.com.au).

This Corporate Governance Statement sets out Potash West NL's current compliance with the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Recommendations. The Recommendations are not mandatory.

Potash West NL
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Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

	RECOMMENDATION	COMMENT	REFERENCE
1	<i>Lay solid foundations for management and oversight</i>		
1.1	Companies should establish the functions reserved to the board and those delegated to senior executives and disclose those functions.	The Company's Corporate Governance Policy includes a Board Charter, which discloses the specific responsibilities of the Board.	1.1, 1.3, Website
1.2	Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of senior executives.	The Board will monitor the performance of senior management, including measuring actual performance against planned performance. The Board has also adopted a policy to assist in evaluating Board performance.	1.4.10, Website
1.3	Companies should provide the information indicated in the <i>Guide to reporting on Principle 1</i> .	The Company has explained any departures (if any) from recommendations 1.1 and 1.2 in the Corporate Governance Statement and Policies.	1.1, 1.3, 1.4.10, Website
2	<i>Structure the board to add value</i>		
2.1	A majority of the board should be independent directors.	<p>There are four Directors on the Board, of which Mr Adrian Griffin, Mr George Sakalidis are independent. Mr Patrick McManus and Mr Gary Johnson are not considered to be independent. Both Mr Patrick McManus and Mr Gary Johnson have a sound knowledge of Potash West NL's projects. This knowledge is considered important in enabling the Company to capitalise on the value of its projects to create shareholder wealth.</p> <p>There remains a departure from the recommendation in relation to a majority of independent directors due to the small scale nature of the Company and its limited financial resources to attract appropriately skilled yet independent directors. The Board is continually reviewing the status of independent directors with a view to engaging further independent directors when financial resources allow.</p>	1.2
2.2	The chair should be an independent director.	The Chairman, Mr Adrian Griffin, is considered to be independent as his profit à prendre re mineral interest rights with the Company is not considered to be material to either party.	1.2
2.3	The roles of chair and chief executive officer should not be exercised by the same individual.	The roles of chair and chief executive officer are not exercised by the same individual.	1.2
2.4	The board should establish a nomination committee.	A formal nomination committee has been adopted by the Company, chaired by Mr Adrian Griffin, consisting of Mr George Sakalidis, Mr Gary Johnson and the Company Secretary.	2.3

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Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

2.5	Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors.	The Chairman will review the composition of the Board and the performance of each Director to ensure that it continues to have a mix of skills and experience necessary for the conduct of the Company's activities. A new Director will receive an induction appropriate to his or her experience.	1.4.10, 2.3.2, 1.4.5, Website
2.6	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 2.	The Company has provided details of each Director, such as their skills, experience and expertise relevant to their position, together with an explanation of any departures (if any) from recommendations 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4 and 2.5 in the 2012 Annual Report and Corporate Governance Statement and Policies respectively.	1.2, 2.3, 1.4.10, 2.3.2, 1.4.5, 1.4.6, Website
3	Promote ethical and responsible decision-making		
3.1	Companies should establish a code of conduct and disclose the code or a summary of the code as to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the practices necessary to maintain confidence in the company's integrity • the practices necessary to take into account their legal obligations and the reasonable expectations of their stakeholders • the responsibility and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices 	The Company's Corporate Governance Policy includes a Code of Conduct for Directors and Key Executives, which provides a framework for decisions and actions in relation to ethical conduct in employment.	3, 1.4.1, 1.4.2, 1.4.3, Website
3.2	Companies should establish a policy concerning diversity and disclose the policy or a summary of that policy. The policy should include requirements for the board to establish measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity for the board to assess annually both the objectives and progress in achieving them.	The Company has implemented a Diversity Policy which includes requirements for the board to establish measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity for the board to assess annually both the objectives and progress in achieving them.	1.4.13
3.3	Companies should disclose in each annual report the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board in accordance with the diversity policy and progress towards achieving them.	The measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity will be disclosed in each annual report.	1.4.13

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Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

3.4	Companies disclose in each annual report the proportion of women employees in the whole organisation, women in senior executive positions and women on the board.	The measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity will be disclosed in each annual report.	1.4.13
3.5	Companies should provide the information indicated in the <i>Guide to reporting on Principle 3</i> .	The Company has explained any departures (if any) from recommendations 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4 in the Corporate Governance Statement and Policies.	3, 1.4.1, 1.4.2, 1.4.3, 1.4.9, 1.4.13, Website
4	<i>Safeguard integrity in financial reporting</i>		
4.1	The board should establish an audit committee.	Established 20 September 2011.	2.1
4.2	The audit committee should be structured so that it: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • consists only of non-executive directors • consists of a majority of independent directors • is chaired by an independent chair, who is not chair of the board • has at least three members. 	Mr Adrian Griffin (Non-Executive Chairman – Potash West NL) Mr George Sakalidis (Non-Executive Director – Potash West NL) Mr Gary Johnson (Non-Executive Director – Potash West NL)	2.1
4.3	The audit committee should have a formal charter.		2.1
4.4	Companies should provide the information indicated in the <i>Guide to reporting on Principle 4</i> .	The Company will explain any departures (if any) from recommendations 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3 in its Corporate Governance Statement.	2.1
5	<i>Make timely and balanced disclosure</i>		
5.1	Companies should establish written policies designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance and disclose those policies or a summary of those policies.	The Company has a continuous disclosure program in place designed to ensure the compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure and to ensure accountability at a Board level for compliance and factual presentation of the Company's financial position.	1.4.4, Website
5.2	Companies should provide the information indicated in <i>Guide to Reporting on Principle 5</i> .	The Company will provide an explanation of any departures (if any) from recommendation 5.1 in its Corporate Governance Statement.	1.4.4, Website
6	<i>Respect the rights of shareholders</i>		
6.1	Companies should design a communications policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders and encouraging their participation at general meetings and disclose their policy or a summary of that policy.	The Company's Corporate Governance Policy includes a Shareholder Communications Policy, which aims to ensure that the shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company's state of affairs.	1.4.8, Website

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Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

6.2	Companies should provide the information indicated in the <i>Guide to reporting on Principle 6</i> .	The Company has provided an explanation of any departures (if any) from recommendation 6.1 in the Corporate Governance Statement and Policies.	1.4.8, Website
7	<i>Recognise and manage risk</i>		
7.1	Companies should establish policies for the oversight and management of material business risks and disclose a summary of those policies.	The Board determines the Company's "risk profile" and is responsible for overseeing and approving risk management strategy and policies, internal compliance and internal control. The Company's Corporate Governance Policy includes a Risk Management Policy which aims to ensure that material business risks are identified and mitigated, through the use of a Risk Register.	1.4.12, Website
7.2	The board should require management to design and implement the risk management and internal control system to manage the company's material business risks and report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively. The board should disclose that management has reported to it as to the effectiveness of the company's management of its material business risks.	The Board requires that either the individual performing the role of Chief Executive Officer or the Chief Financial Officer will design and implement risk management and internal control systems and provide a report at the relevant time.	1.4.11, 1.4.12 Website
7.3	The board should disclose whether it has received assurance from the chief executive officer (or equivalent) and the chief financial officer (or equivalent) that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.	The Board will seek this relevant assurance from the individuals performing the role of Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer.	1.4.11, 1.4.12 Website
7.4	Companies should provide the information indicated in <i>Guide to Reporting on Principle 7</i> .	The Company has provided an explanation of any departures (if any) from recommendations 7.1, 7.2 and 7.3 in the Corporate Governance Statement and Policies.	1.4.11, 1.4.12 Website

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Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

8	<i>Remunerate fairly and responsibly</i>		
8.1	The board should establish a remuneration committee.	A formal remuneration committee has been adopted by the.	2.2.1
8.2	The remuneration committee should be structured so that it: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • consists of a majority of independent directors • is chaired by an independent chair • has at least three members. 	The remuneration committee is chaired by Mr Adrian Griffin, consisting of Mr George Sakalidis, Mr Gary Johnson and the Company Secretary.	2.2.1, 2.2.2, Website
8.3	Companies should clearly distinguish the structure of non-executive directors' remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives.	The Board will distinguish the structure of non executive Director's remuneration from that of executive Directors and senior executives. Relevantly, the Company's Constitution provides that the remuneration of non-executive Directors will be not be more than the aggregate fixed sum determined by a general meeting. The Board is responsible for determining the remuneration of any Director or senior executives (without the participation of the affected Director).	2.2.2, Website
8.4	Companies should provide the information indicated in the <i>Guide to reporting on Principle 8</i> .	The Company has provided an explanation of any departures (if any) from recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 in the Corporate Governance Statement and Policies.	2.2.1, 2.2.2, Website

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**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012**

	Note	For the year ended 30 June 2012 \$	For the period 12 November 2010 to 30 June 2011 \$
INCOME FROM CONTINUING ACTIVITIES			
Interest		158,293	64,769
Government grant		13,559	-
TOTAL INCOME		<u>171,852</u>	<u>64,769</u>
EXPENSES			
Administration		752,666	144,616
Depreciation		21,257	-
Equity based payments	17	361,951	150,000
Exploration		2,032,398	255,513
Legal		29,968	5,458
Occupancy		59,425	8,000
Remuneration (excluding share based payments)		814,283	309,905
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAX		<u>(3,900,096)</u>	<u>(808,723)</u>
Income Tax	4	-	-
NET LOSS FOR THE YEAR		<u>(3,900,096)</u>	<u>(808,723)</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR		<u>(3,900,096)</u>	<u>(808,723)</u>
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share)	7	<u>(4.65)</u>	<u>(1.08)</u>

The statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2012

	Note	As at 30 June 2012 \$	As at 30 June 2011 \$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	3,250,259	5,432,722
Trade and other receivables	9	94,264	81,289
Other assets	11	17,235	-
Total Current Assets		3,361,758	5,514,011
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Exploration and evaluation	10	2,500,000	2,500,000
Plant and equipment	12	100,867	-
Total Non Current Assets		2,600,867	2,500,000
TOTAL ASSETS		5,962,625	8,014,011
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	13	377,579	436,910
Provisions	14	23,077	2,940
Total Current Liabilities		400,656	439,850
TOTAL LIABILITIES		400,656	439,850
NET ASSETS		5,561,969	7,574,161
EQUITY			
Issued capital	15	9,965,087	8,382,884
Reserves	16	305,701	-
Accumulated losses	18	(4,708,819)	(808,723)
TOTAL EQUITY		5,561,969	7,574,161

The statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012**

At 12 November 2010	Note	Issued Capital \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Share Based Payment Reserve \$	Total \$
Opening balance		-	-	-	-
Loss for the period		-	(808,723)	-	(808,723)
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the period (net of tax)		-	(808,723)	-	(808,723)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Shares issued		6,150,028	-	-	6,150,028
Share issue transaction costs		(617,144)	-	-	(617,144)
Share based payments	17	350,000	-	-	350,000
Shares issued for acquisition of mineral rights		2,500,000	-	-	2,500,000
At 1 July 2011		8,382,884	(808,723)	-	7,574,161
Loss for the year		-	(3,900,096)	-	(3,900,096)
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year (net of tax)		-	(3,900,096)	-	(3,900,096)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Shares issued		1,650,001	-	-	1,650,001
Share issue transaction costs		(124,048)	-	-	(124,048)
Share and option based payments	17	56,250	-	305,701	361,951
Balance as at 30 June 2012		9,965,087	(4,708,819)	305,701	5,561,969

The statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012**

	Note	For the year ended 30 June 2012 \$	For the period 12 November 2010 to 30 June 2011 \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments to suppliers and employees		(3,666,064)	(257,011)
Government grant received		13,559	-
Interest received		158,293	64,769
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	22	(3,494,212)	(192,242)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of plant and equipment – deposit		-	(32,920)
Purchase of plant and equipment		(89,203)	-
NET CASH FLOWS FROM/(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(89,203)	(32,920)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of shares		1,650,001	6,150,028
Share issue costs		(249,049)	(492,144)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		1,400,952	5,657,884
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(2,182,463)	5,432,722
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		5,432,722	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	8	3,250,259	5,432,722

The statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1: Corporate information

The financial report of Potash West NL for the year ended 30 June 2012 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of directors on 26 September 2012.

Potash West NL is a for-profit company limited by shares incorporated in Australia whose share are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX).

The nature of operations and principal activities of the Company are described in the directors' report.

Comparatives

The company was incorporated on 12 November 2010. Normally comparative figures would be for the year 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011. However due to the incorporation after 1 July 2010, comparative figures are for the period 12 November 2010 to 30 June 2011.

Note 2: Statement of significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Accounting Standards and Interpretations and complies with other requirements of the law.

The accounting policies detailed below have been consistently throughout the year presented unless otherwise stated.

The financial report has also been prepared on a historical cost basis. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars.

The company is a listed public company, incorporated in Australia and operating in Australia. The entity's principal activities are mineral exploration.

(b) Adoption of new and revised standards

The Company has adopted the following new and amended Australian Accounting Standard and AASB Interpretations for the reporting year ended 30 June 2012:

- AASB 124 (Revised) Related Party Disclosures (December 2009), effective 1 January 2011.
- AASB 2009-12 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards [AASBs 5, 8, 108, 110, 112, 119, 133, 137, 139, 1023 & 1031 and Interpretations 2, 4, 16, 1039 & 1052, effective 1 July 2011.
- AASB 2010-4 Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project [AASB 1, AASB 7, AASB 101, AASB 134 and Interpretation 13], effective 1 July 2011.
- AASB 2010-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards [AASB 1, 3, 4, 5, 101, 107, 112, 118, 119, 121, 132, 133, 134, 137, 139, 140, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 112, 115, 127, 132 & 1042], effective 1 July 2011.
- AASB 2010-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosures on Transfers of Financial Assets [AASB 1 & AASB 7], effective 1 July 2011.
- AASB 1054 Australian Additional Disclosures, effective 1 July 2011
- AASB 1048 Interpretation of Standards, effective 1 July 2011

The adoption of the above did not have any significant impact on the financial position and performance of the company.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Adoption of new and revised standards (continued)

Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective.

Australian Accounting Standards and interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet effective have not been adopted for the reporting year ended 30 June 2012. These are outlined in the table below:

- AASB 9 Financial Instruments – Requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, application date: 1 January 2015, Effective date: 1 July 2015.
- AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements – Establishment a new control model that applies to all entities, Application date: 1 January 2013, Effective date: 1 July 2013.
- AASB 11 Joint Arrangements – Replacing AASB 131 Interests in Joint Ventures and UIG-113 Jointly-controlled Entities – Non-monetary Contributions by Ventures, Application Date: 1 January 2013, Effective date: 1 July 2013.
- AASB 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities – Interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structures entities, Application Date: 1 January 2013, Effective date: 1 July 2013.
- AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement – Establishing a single source of guidance for determining the fair value of assets and liabilities, Application date: 1 January 2013, Effective date: 1 July 2013.
- AASB 2010-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets [AASB 112], Application date: 1 July 2012, Effective date: 1 July 2012.
- AASB 2011-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Remove Individual Key Management Personnel Disclosure Requirements [AASB124], Application date: 1 July 2013, Effective date: 1 July 2013.
- AASB 2011-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Presentation of Other Comprehensive Income [AASB1, 5, 7, 101, 112, 120, 121, 132, 133, 134, 1039 & 1049], Application date: 1 July 2012, Effective date: 1 July 2012.
- AASB 2012-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, Application date: 1 January 2013, Effective date: 1 July 2013.
- AASB 2012-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, Application date: 1 January 2014, Effective date: 1 July 2014.
- AASB 2012-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Government Loans, Application date: 1 January 2013, Effective date: 1 July 2013.
- AASB 2012-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle, Application date: 1 January 2013, Effective date: 1 July 2013.
- Interpretation 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine, Application date: 1 January 2013, Effective date: 1 July 2013
- AASB 119 Employee Benefits – Revision the Accounting for Defined Benefit Plans, Application date: 1 January 2013, Effective date: 1 July 2013.
- AASB 1053 Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting Standards, Application date: 1 July 2013, Effective date: 1 July 2013.

The Company has not assessed the impact of any new standards or amendments that are issued but not yet effective.

(c) Statement of compliance

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The application of accounting policies requires the use of judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if it affects only that year or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

Share-based payment transactions

The Company measures the share-based payment transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 17.

Recovery of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only when management considers that it is probable that sufficient future tax profits will be available to utilise those temporary differences. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits over the next two years together with future tax planning strategies.

Impairment of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure

The future recoverability of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is dependent on a number of factors, including whether the Company decides to exploit the related lease itself or, if not, whether it successfully recovers the related exploration and evaluation asset through sale.

(e) Share-based payment transactions

Employees (including senior executives) of the Company receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions).

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in other capital reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The income statement expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognised in equity based payments expense (Note 17).

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions for which vesting are conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition. These are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Share-based payment transactions (continued)

When the terms of an equity-settled transaction award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

When an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the entity or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph. The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share (further details are given in Note 7).

(f) Going concern

This report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Company has incurred a net loss for the year ended 30 June 2012 of \$3,900,096 and experienced net cash outflows from operating activities of \$3,494,212. Whilst the Company has sufficient cash and assets to meet its committed expenditure requirements in the next 12 months, the Directors recognise the need to raise additional funds via equity raisings to fund future planned exploration activities.

The Directors have reviewed the Company's financial position and are of the opinion that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate as they believe the Company will be successful in securing additional funds through the equity issue.

Should the Company not achieve the matters set out above, there is significant uncertainty whether the Company will continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

The financial report does not contain any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets or to the amounts or classification of recorded assets or liabilities that might be necessary should the Company not be able to continue as a going concern.

(g) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation costs are written off in the year they are incurred apart from acquisition costs which are carried forward where right of tenure of the area of interest is current and they are expected to be recouped through sale or successful development and exploitation of the area of interest or, where exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

Where an area of interest is abandoned or the directors decide that it is not commercial, any accumulated acquisition costs in respect of that area are written off in the financial period the decision is made. Each area of interest is also reviewed at the end of each accounting period and accumulated costs written off to the extent that they will not be recoverable in the future.

Amortisation is not charged on costs carried forward in respect of areas of interest in the development phase until production commences.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Plant & equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Plant and equipment – over 2 to 15 years

Impairment

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

If any indication exists of impairment and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is the greater of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Derecognition

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period the item is derecognised.

(i) Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current year and prior periods are measured at amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the current year's taxable income. The tax rates and tax laws used for computations are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance date.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at balance date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences except where the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised except where the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Income tax (continued)

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each balance date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance date.

Income taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity are recognised in equity and not in the statement of comprehensive income.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(j) GST

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- where the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

(k) Provisions and employee benefits

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of comprehensive income net of any reimbursement.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance date. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision resulting from the passage of time is recognised in finance costs.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

(k) Provisions and employee benefits (continued)

Employee leave benefits

i. Wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave due to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in provisions in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

ii. Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to the expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

(l) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flow, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

(m) Receivables

Receivables, which generally have 30-90 day terms, are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less an allowance for any uncollectible amounts.

Collectability of receivables are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. An allowance for doubtful debts is raised when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect the debt.

(n) Prepayments

Prepayment for goods and services which are to be provided in future years are recognised as prepayments. Prepayments are recorded in the other assets in the balance sheet.

(o) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised and measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Interest Income

Income is recognised as the interest accrues (using the effective interest method, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument) to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

(o) Revenue recognition (continued)

Government grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income over the period necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis to the costs that it is intended to compensate. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as deferred income and released to income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

When the Company receives non-monetary grants, the asset and the grant are recorded gross at nominal amounts and released to the income statement over the expected useful life and pattern of consumption of the benefit of the underlying asset by equal annual instalments. When loans or similar assistance are provided by governments or related institutions with an interest rate below the current applicable market rate, the effect of this favourable interest is regarded as additional government grants.

(p) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(q) Trade and other payables

Trade payables and other payables are carried at amortised costs and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Company becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services.

(r) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the Company adjusted to exclude any costs of servicing equity (other than dividends) divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the Company adjusted for:

- costs of servicing equity (other than dividends);
- the after tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares that have been recognised as expenses; and
- other non-discretionary changes in revenues or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares;

divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

(s) Investments and other financial assets

Financial assets in the scope of AASB 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* are classified as either financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, or available-for-sale financial assets. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets after initial recognition and, when allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at each financial year-end.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 2: Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

(s) Investments and other financial assets (continued)

(i) Held-to-maturity investments

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held-to-maturity when the Company has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Investments intended to be held for an undefined period are not included in this classification. Investments that are intended to be held-to maturity, such as bonds, are subsequently measured at amortised cost. This cost is computed as the amount initially recognised minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between the initially recognised amount and the maturity amount. This calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums and discounts. For investments carried at amortised cost, gains and losses are recognised in profit and loss when the investment are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit and loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

(t) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance date whether a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

Available-for-sale investments

If there is objective evidence that an available-for-sale investment is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in profit and loss, is transferred from equity to the statement of comprehensive income. Reversals of impairment losses for equity instruments classified as available-for-sale are not recognised in profit. Reversals of impairment losses for debt instruments are reversed through profit and loss if the increase in an instrument's fair value can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss.

(u) Leases

Operating Lease payments are recognised as an operating expense in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Operating lease incentives are recognised as a liability when received and subsequently reduced by allocating lease payments between rental expense and the reduction of the liability.

Note 3: Segment information

The Company has based its operating segment on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the executive management team in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources. The Company currently does not have production and is only involved in exploration. As a consequence, activities in the operating segment are identified by management based on the manner in which resources are allocated, the nature of the resources provided and the identity of the manager and country of expenditure. Information is reviewed on a whole of entity basis.

Based on these criteria the Company has only one operating segment, being exploration, and the segment operations and results are reported internally based on the accounting policies as described in note 2 for the computation of the Company's results presented in this set of financial statements.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 4: Income tax

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
(a) Income tax expense/(benefit)		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
Adjustments for current tax of prior years	-	-
Total tax expense/(benefit)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
 (b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable		
Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense	<u>(3,900,096)</u>	<u>(808,723)</u>
Prima facie tax benefit at the Australian tax rate of 30%	(1,170,029)	(242,617)
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income		
Share based payment	108,585	105,000
Non-deductible expenses	4,189	335
Capital raising costs deductible	(44,471)	(29,529)
Deferred Tax Assets not brought to account	1,101,726	166,811
Income tax expense/(benefit)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
 (c) Deferred tax assets		
Accrued expenses	6,000	7,500
Employee entitlement provisions	6,923	882
Tax losses	<u>2,005,614</u>	<u>908,429</u>
	2,018,537	916,811
Deferred tax asset not recognised	<u>(1,268,537)</u>	<u>(166,811)</u>
	750,000	750,000
Offset against deferred tax liabilities	<u>(750,000)</u>	<u>(750,000)</u>
Net deferred tax assets	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 4: Income tax (continued)

(d) Deferred tax liabilities

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Exploration tenement	750,000	750,000
	<u>750,000</u>	<u>750,000</u>
Offset against deferred tax assets	(750,000)	(750,000)
Net deferred tax liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Note 5: Directors' and Executives' remuneration

2012 Director	Short-term		Post-employment benefits		Share and Option Based Payments		Total
	Directors'	Salary and Consulting	Superannuation	Termination	Shares	Options	
	Fees	Fees	Contribution	Benefits	\$	\$	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Adrian Griffin	36,697	-	3,303	-	-	25,025	65,025
Patrick McManus	-	200,010	49,990	-	-	50,050	300,050
George Sakalidis	36,697	-	3,303	-	-	25,025	65,025
Gary Johnson	36,697	-	3,303	-	-	25,025	65,025
	<u>110,091</u>	<u>200,010</u>	<u>59,899</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>125,125</u>	<u>495,125</u>

2012 Executive	Short-term		Post-employment benefits		Share and Option Based Payments		Total
	Salary	Consulting Fees	Superannuation	Termination	Shares	Options	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Lindsay Cahill	-	133,933	-	-	57,300	34,700	225,933
Robert Van der Laan	-	74,940	-	-	57,300	-	132,240
Amanda Wilton-Heald	-	33,713 [^]	-	-	19,100	-	52,813
	<u>-</u>	<u>242,586</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>133,700</u>	<u>34,700</u>	<u>410,986</u>
Total Directors' and Executives' Remuneration	110,091	442,596	59,899	-	133,700	159,825	906,111

[^] Mining Corporate Pty Ltd, a company of which the Company Secretary, Amanda Wilton-Heald is an employee, was paid \$33,713 (2011:\$4,032) in cash for company secretarial and accounting services.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 5: Directors' and Executives' remuneration (continued)

2011

Director	Short-term		Post-employment benefits		Share Based	Total
	Directors'	Salary and	Superannuation	Termination	Payments	
	Fees	Consulting	Contribution	Benefits	Shares	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Adrian Griffin	6,116	2,544	551	-	-	9,211
Patrick McManus	-	-	41,667*	-	200,000	241,667
George Sakalidis	6,116	-	551	-	-	6,667
Gary Johnson	6,116	-	551	-	-	6,667
	<u>18,348</u>	<u>2,544</u>	<u>43,320</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>200,000</u>	<u>264,212</u>

2011

Executive	Short-term		Post-employment benefits		Share based	Total
	Salary	Consulting	Superannuation	Termination	payment	
	Fees	Contribution	Benefits	Shares		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Lindsay Cahill	-	4,437	-	-	-	4,437
Robert Van der Laan	-	12,360	-	-	-	12,360
Amanda Wilton-Heald	-	4,032	-	-	-	4,032
	<u>-</u>	<u>20,829</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,829</u>

(a) Shareholdings

Number of shares held by directors and executives

2012

Directors	Number of Ordinary Shares		
	Held at 1 July 2011	Net Change	Held at 30 June 2012
Patrick McManus	1,715,000	-	1,715,000
Non- Executive Directors			
Adrian Griffin	3,444,181	11,080	3,455,261
George Sakalidis	700,517	-	700,517
Gary Johnson	250,000	-	250,000
Executives			
Lindsay Cahill	-	300,000	300,000
Robert Van der Laan	-	300,000	300,000
Amanda Wilton-Heald	-	100,000	100,000

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 5: Directors' and Executives' remuneration (continued)

2011

Directors	Number of Ordinary Shares		
	Held at 12 November 2010	Net Change	Held at 30 June 2011
Patrick McManus	-	1,715,000	1,715,000
Non- Executive Directors			
Adrian Griffin	-	3,447,181	3,447,181
George Sakalidis	-	700,517	700,517
Gary Johnson	-	250,000	250,000
Executives			
Lindsay Cachil	-	-	-
Robert Van der Laan	-	-	-
Amanda Wilton-Heald	-	-	-

Note 6: Auditor's remuneration

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor of the Company for:		
-auditing or reviewing the financial report	20,000	25,000
-investigating accountants report	-	7,725
-research & development tax concession	6,174	-
Ernst & Young	26,174	32,725

Note 7: Earnings per share

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Basic loss per share (cents per share)	4.65	1.08
Diluted loss per share (cents per share)	4.65	1.08
Net loss	(3,900,096)	(808,723)
Loss used in calculating basic and diluted loss per share	(3,900,096)	(808,723)
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share	83,795,833	75,000,000

During the year there were no listed or key management personnel options exercised.

These options are not considered dilutive for the purpose of the calculation of diluted earnings/loss per share as their conversion to ordinary shares would not decrease the net profit from continuing operations per share. Consequently, diluted earnings/loss per share is the same as basic earnings per share.

There have been no transactions involving ordinary shares or potential shares that would significantly change the number of ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares outstanding between the reporting date and the date of completion of these financial statements.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 8: Cash and cash equivalents

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Cash at bank	3,250,259	5,432,722
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to items in the statement of financial position as follows:		
Cash at bank	3,250,259	5,432,722

Note 9: Trade and other receivables

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Current		
GST receivables	94,264	48,369
Deposits Paid	-	32,920
	94,264	81,289

- (i) Non-trade debtors are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30-90 days terms. The carrying amounts of these receivables represent fair value and are not considered to be impaired.

Note 10: Exploration expenditure

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Acquisition of mineral rights – Dandaragan Trough tenements	2,500,000	2,500,000

The ultimate recoupment of acquisition costs carried forward for exploration and evaluation phases is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation or scale of the respective areas.

Note 11: Other assets

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Prepayments	17,235	-

Note 12: Plant and equipment

	Office Equipment \$	Plant and Equipment \$	Computer Software \$	Total \$
Year ended 30 June 2012				
Opening net carrying value	-	-	-	-
Additions	12,612	72,835	36,676	122,124
Depreciation charge for the year	(3,147)	(13,377)	(4,732)	(21,257)
Closing net carrying amount	9,465	59,458	31,944	100,867
At 30 June 2012				
Cost	12,612	72,835	36,676	122,124
Accumulated depreciation	(3,147)	(13,377)	(4,732)	(21,257)
Net carrying value	9,465	59,458	31,944	100,867

No plant and equipment was purchased during the prior period.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 13: Trade and other payables

	2012	2011
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Current		
Unsecured liabilities		
Trade payables	377,579	436,910
	<u>377,579</u>	<u>436,910</u>

Due to short term nature of these payables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.

Note 14: Provisions

	2012	2011
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Employee benefits	23,077	2,940

Note 15: Contributed equity

	2012	2011
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Ordinary shares fully paid	10,095,313	8,382,884

Effective 1 July 1998, the corporations legislation abolished the concepts of authorised capital and par value shares. Accordingly, the Company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued shares. Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the rights to dividends.

Capital management

When managing capital (which is defined as the Company's total equity amounting \$5,561,969, 2011: \$7,574,161), the Board's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The Board also aims to maintain a capital structure that ensures the lowest cost of capital available to the entity. As the equity market is constantly changing the Board may issue new shares to provide for future exploration and development activity. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 15: Contributed equity (continued)

Movements in ordinary shares on issue of the legal parent are:	Note	2012 Number	2011 Number
At the beginning of reporting year		75,000,000	-
Ordinary Shares			
Issue of 25,000,000 shares for the acquisition of mineral rights	15.1	-	25,000,000
Issue of 2,000,000 shares to Patrick McManus	15.2	-	2,000,000
1,500,000 shares issued to promoters	15.3	-	1,500,000
1,500,000 shares issued as seed capital	15.4	-	1,500,000
Issue of 15,000,000 shares of Contingent Entitlement shares accounted for as reserve shares	15.5	-	15,000,000
Issue of 30,000,000 shares pursuant to Public Offering	15.6	-	30,000,000
Issue of 312,500 shares to Aaron Sim Kwang Liang	15.7	312,500	-
Issue of 925,000 shares for share based payment	15.8	925,000	
Issue of 100,000 shares for share based payment	15.9	100,000	
Issue of 125,000 shares for share based payment	15.10	125,000	
Issue of 7,333,333 shares to pursuant public offerings	15.11	7,333,333	-
		<hr/> 83,795,833	<hr/> 75,000,000
Reserved shares		(16,150,000)	(15,000,000)
At the end of the reporting year		<hr/> 67,645,633	<hr/> 60,000,000

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 15: Contributed equity (continued)

	Note	2012 \$	2011 \$
At the beginning of reporting year		8,382,884	-
Issue of 25,000,000 shares at \$0.100001 to the acquisition of mineral rights, against which cash was received partly for \$0.000001	15.1	-	2,500,025
Issue of 2,000,000 shares at \$0.100001 for share based payments	15.2	-	200,002
1,500,000 ordinary shares issued to promoters at \$0.100001	15.3	-	150,001
1,500,000 ordinary shares issued as seed capital at \$0.10 each	15.4	-	150,000
Issue of 30,000,000 shares at \$0.20 pursuant to Public Offering	15.6	-	6,000,000
Issue of 312,500 shares at \$0.18 to Aaron Sim Kwang Liang for consulting services	15.7	56,250	-
Issue of 925,000 shares at \$0.191 issued to employees per the employee scheme	15.8	176,675	-
Issue of 100,000 shares at \$0.286 issued to employees per the employee scheme	15.9	28,600	-
Issue of 125,000 shares at \$0.238 issued to employees per the employee scheme.	15.10	29,750	-
Issue of 7,333,333 shares at \$0.225 per share for public offering	15.11	1,650,001	-
Equity raising costs	15.12	(124,048)	(617,144)
		<u>10,200,112</u>	<u>8,82,884</u>
Reserved shares		(235,025)	-
At the end of the reporting year		<u>9,965,087</u>	<u>8,382,884</u>

- 15.1 The issue of 25,000,000 shares on 12 November 2010. Consideration receivable included cash of \$0.000001 per share received on incorporation at 12 November 2010 and certain mineral rights received post 12 November 2010. Full subscription price represents fair value of \$0.100001 per share.
- 15.2 The issue of 2,000,000 shares at fair value of \$0.100001 per share to Patrick McManus, the managing director, for services. \$0.000001 per share was received in cash.
- 15.3 The issue of 1,500,000 shares at fair value of \$0.100001 per share for unspecified services related to the promotion of the Company. \$0.000001 per share was received in cash.
- 15.4 The issue of 1,500,000 shares for cash consideration of \$0.10 per share as seed capital.
- 15.5 The issue of 15,000,000 shares for the Contingent Entitlement shares held in trust and accounted for as reserve shares with nil value.
- 15.6 The issue of 30,000,000 shares at \$0.20 per share pursuant to Public Offering raising \$6,000,000.
- 15.7 The issue of 312,500 shares on 8 September 2011 to external Singaporean consultant, Aaron Sim Kwang Liang at Market Price of \$0.18 per share for consultancy services.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 15: Contributed equity (continued)

- 15.8 The issue of 925,000 shares on 20 October 2011 to consultants through the Employee Share Plan at \$0.191 per share using 10-day average weighted price. These are accounted for an in-substance option. The Company has provided each employee with a loan up to the amount payable in respect of the shares and the value reflects the underline loan receivable.
- 15.9 The issue of 100,000 shares on 14 March 2012 to consultants through the Employee Share Plan at \$0.286 per share using 10-day average weighted price. These are accounted for an in-substance option. Please refer Note 17 for option valuation. The Company has provided each employee with a loan up to the amount payable in respect of the shares and the value reflects the underline loan receivable.
- 15.10 The issue of 125,000 shares on 28 June 2012 to consultant and employee through the Employee Share Plan at \$0.238 per share using 10-day average weighted price. These are accounted for an in-substance option. Please refer Note 17 for option valuation. The Company has provided each employee with a loan up to the amount payable in respect of the shares and the value reflects the underline loan receivable.
- 15.11 The issue of 7,333,333 shares at \$0.225 per share pursuant to Public Offering raising \$1,650,001 during the year ended 30 June 2012.
- 15.12 For the year 2012, the payment of costs incurred by the Company in relation to equity raising and listing of the Company's shares and of \$124,048 (2011: The payment of costs incurred by the Company in relation to equity raising and listing of the Company's shares and of \$617,143)

Note 16: Share based payment reserve

	Note	2012	2011
At the beginning of reporting year		-	-
Issue of 500,000 options for option based payment	16.1	500,000	-
Issue of 100,000 options for option based payment	16.2	100,000	-
Issue of 100,000 options for option based payment	16.3	100,000	-
Issue of 1,250,000 options for option based payment	16.4	1,250,000	-
Issue of 925,000 shares for share based payment	15.8	925,000	-
Issue of 100,000 shares for share based payment	15.9	100,000	-
Issue of 125,000 shares for share based payment	15.10	125,000	-
At the end of the reporting year		3,100,000	-

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 16: Share Based Payments (continued)

Share based payment reserve

	Note	2012 \$	2011 \$
At the beginning of reporting year		-	-
Amount expended for options issued to consultants. 500,000 options with exercise price of \$0.30	16.1	34,700	-
Amount expended for options issued to consultants. 100,000 options with exercise price of \$0.40	16.2	8,590	-
Amount expended for options issued to consultants. 100,000 options with exercise price of \$0.60	16.3	7,060	-
Amount expended for options issued to directors. 1,250,000 options with exercise price of \$0.28	16.4	125,125	-
Amount expended for 925,000 shares at \$0.191 issued to employees per the employee scheme	15.8	99,181	-
Amount expended for 100,000 shares at \$0.286 issued to employees per the employee scheme	15.9	15,132	-
Amount expended for 125,000 shares at \$0.238 issued to employees per the employee scheme	15.10	15,913	-
At the end of the reporting period		305,701	

- 16.1 The issue of 500,000 \$0.30 options exercisable on or before 8 September 2014 on 8 September 2011 to Torbinup Resources Pty Ltd for Consulting Services. Please refer to Note 17 for further explanation.
- 16.2 The issue of 100,000 \$0.40 options exercisable on or before 8 September 2016 on 8 September 2011 to Arrowhead for marketing services. Please refer to Note 17 for further explanation.
- 16.3 The issue of 100,000 \$0.60 options exercisable on or before 8 September 2016 on 8 September 2011 to Arrowhead for marketing services. Please refer to Note 17 for further explanation.
- 16.4 The issue of 1,250,000 \$0.28 options exercisable on or before 30 November 2014 on 30 November 2011 to Directors. Please refer to Note 17 for further explanation.

Note 17: Equity Based Payments

Expenses arising from share-based payment and option-based payment transactions

Total expenses arising from share-based payment transactions recognised during the year were as follows:

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Options issued in consideration for services. See note 15.8, 15.9, 15.10, 16.1, 16.2, 16.3 and 16.4.	305,701	-
Shares issued in consideration for services. See note 15.2, 15.3 and 15.7	56,250	350,000
	361,951	350,000

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 17: Equity Based Payments (continued)

During the year, 1,150,000 shares were issued under the Employee Share Plan (ESP) accounted for an in-substance options, 1,250,000 options were issued under the Employee Option Plan (EOP), 700,000 options were issued to consultants and 312,500 shares were issued for consultancy services. The fair value of shares and options granted under the ESP, EOP and to consultants is estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing methodology, taking into account the terms and services were valued at the market price at the date of issue as the value of the services received could not be reliably measured. Options issued during the period vested at grant date.

The Company has provided each employee with a loan up to the amount payable in respect of the shares. Shares granted under the ESP are released equally over 36 months, 12 months from the grant date under normal circumstances at which time the employee has the option of repaying in full of the loan and the shares are fully vested in the employee's name under the ESP or the Company selling the shares and applying the proceeds of the sales in repayment of the loan irrespective of the value of the shares at that date.

Furthermore, if the employee ceases to be an eligible employee before the date that share granted are released then the employee has the option of repaying in full of the loan and the shares are fully vested in the employee's name under the ESP or the Company selling the shares and applying the proceeds of the sales in repayment of the loan irrespective of the value of the shares at that date. Hence, the Company has therefore elected to treat the ESP shares as if they have vested immediately for accounting purposes.

The fair value of the shares and options granted for the year ended 30 June 2012 was estimated on the date of grant using the following assumptions:

Dividend yield (%)	Nil
Expected volatility* (%)	75
Risk-free interest rate (%)	3.5 – 4.5
Expected life (years)	3 to 5
Share price (\$)	See below tables:

Share-based payment plans

	2012 Number	2012 WAEP	2011 Number	2011 WAEP
Outstanding at 1 July	-	-	-	-
Granted during the year	1,150,000	\$0.204	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at 30 June	<u>1,150,000</u>	<u>\$0.204</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Exercisable at 30 June	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Option-based payment plans

	2012 Number	2012 WAEP	2011 Number	2011 WAEP
Outstanding at 1 July	-	-	-	-
Granted during the year	1,250,000	\$0.28	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at 30 June	<u>1,250,000</u>	<u>\$0.28</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Exercisable at 30 June	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

* Volatility was determined using considered judgement as to the volatility of the share price over the vesting period.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 17: Equity Based Payments (continued)

<u>Option-based payments (to consultants)</u>	2012 Number	2012 WAEP	2011 Number	2011 WAEP
Outstanding at 1 July	-	-	-	-
Granted during the year	700,000	\$0.357	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at 30 June	<u>700,000</u>	<u>\$0.357</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Exercisable at 30 June	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Note 19: Commitments

- (i) The Company has certain obligations with respect to tenements and minimum expenditure requirements on areas, as follows:

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Within 1 year	1,058,000	770,684
1 to 2 years	<u>1,058,000</u>	<u>770,684</u>
Total	<u>2,116,000</u>	<u>1,541,368</u>

The commitments may vary depending upon additions or relinquishments of the tenements, as well as farm-out agreements. The above figures are based on the mines department Emits reports as at 30 June 2012. These figures are adjusted at the anniversary date of each tenement and therefore the total can change on a monthly basis.

- (ii) The Company has entered into a commercial property sub-lease. The head-lease and sub- lease expire on 15 August 2014. The amount of \$120,000 remains outstanding in relation to the sub-lease.

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Within 1 year	60,000	60,000
1 to 3 years	<u>60,000</u>	<u>120,000</u>
Total	<u>120,000</u>	<u>180,000</u>

- (iii) Mr Patrick McManus was appointed as Managing Director on 23 November 2010. Pursuant to an agreement dated 23 November 2010, his salary is set at \$250,000 per annum inclusive of 9% superannuation. The agreement can be terminated by either party by giving three months' notice or payment of three months' salary in lieu of notice being \$62,500.

Note 20: Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2012 (2011: Nil).

Note 21: Related party transactions

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated. During the year the following transactions were undertaken between the Company, executive officers and director-related entities.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 21: Related party transactions (continued)

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Consulting fees were paid to Strategic Metallurgy Pty Ltd, a company of which Gary Johnson is a director and shareholder.	881,974	34,900

The Company issued 15,000,000 shares to Barclay Wells Ltd for the Contingent Entitlement shares in 2011 year (Nil: 2012 year). The Contingent Entitlement share Trustee has entered into a declaration of trust under which it declares that it holds the Contingent Entitlement shares on trust for certain shareholders of the Company ('Eligible Beneficiaries'), being those shareholders who hold at least 10,000 shares in the Company as the Listing Date and who hold at least one shares in the Company on the first Business Day following the date that all shares in respect of which the ASX imposes restrictions as a condition to the listing cease to be restricted securities ('the Entitlement Date'). These shares are held in Share Plan Trust on behalf of the Company and accounted for as reserve shares with nil value.

During the year, 1,150,000 shares were issued under the Employee Share Plan (ESP) accounted for in-substance options. The Company has provided each employee with a loan up to the amount payable in respect of the shares.

Note 22: Cash flow information

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with (loss)/profit from ordinary activities after income tax		
Loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(3,900,096)	(808,723)
Depreciation and amortisation	21,257	-
Expenses settled via equity issues	361,951	350,000
<i>Changes in assets and liabilities</i>		
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(63,130)	(48,369)
Increase/(decrease) in payables	65,669	311,910
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	20,137	2,940
Cash flows from operations	(3,494,212)	(192,242)

Note 23: Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise cash and short term deposits. The main purpose of the financial instruments is to finance the Company's operations. The Company also has other financial instruments such as trade debtors and creditors which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk and credit risk. The board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below:

(a) Interest Rate Risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rate for each class of financial assets and financial liabilities is set out in the following table. Also included is the effect on profit and equity after tax if interest rates at that date had been 10% higher or lower with all other variables held constant as a sensitivity analysis.

The Group has not entered into any hedging activities to manage interest rate risk. In regard to its interest rate risk, the Group continuously analyses its exposure. Within this analysis consideration is given to potential renewals of existing positions, alternative investments and the mix of fixed and variable interest rates.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 23: Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate %	Floating Interest Rate \$	Fixed Interest Rate \$	Non Interest Bearing \$	Total \$	Interest Rate Risk Sensitivity			
						-10%		+10%	
						Profit	Equity	Profit	Equity
						\$	\$	\$	\$
2012 Financial Assets									
Cash	3.50	1,550,750	-	1,699,509	3,250,259	(3,799)	(3,799)	3,799	3,799
Receivables		-	-	94,264	94,264				
Total Financial Assets		<u>1,550,750</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,793,773</u>	<u>3,344,523</u>				
Financial Liabilities									
Trade creditors		-	-	377,579	377,579				
Total Financial Liabilities		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>377,579</u>	<u>377,579</u>				

A sensitivity of 10% (2011: 10%) has been selected as this is considered reasonable given the current level of both short term and long term Australian dollar interest rates. A -10% sensitivity would move short term interest rates at 30 June 2012 from around 3.50% to 3.15% (2011: 4.75% to 4.27%) representing a 35 basis points (2011: 48 basis points) downwards shift, which is 24.5 basis points (2011: 33.6 basis points) net of tax.

Based on the sensitivity analysis only interest revenue from variable rate deposits and cash balances is impacted resulting in a decrease or increase in overall income.

(b) Liquidity Risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash reserves and marketable securities required to meet the current exploration and administration commitments, through the continuous monitoring of actual cash flows.

All payables are due within 30 days, which is consistent with the prior year.

(c) Fair Values

For financial assets and liabilities, the net fair value approximates their carrying value. No financial assets and financial liabilities are readily traded on organised markets in standardised form.

(d) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises in the event that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument leading to financial losses. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities, financing activities including deposits with banks. The credit risk control procedures adopted by the Company is to assess the credit quality of the institution with whom funds are deposited or invested, taking into account its financial position and past experiences.

The maximum exposure to credit risk on financial assets of the Company which have been recognised on the statement of financial position is generally limited to the carrying amount.

Cash is maintained with National Australia Bank.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Note 24: Subsequent events

There have not been any matters that have arisen after balance date that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations and activities of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years other than disclosed elsewhere in this annual report.

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Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the directors of Potash West NL :

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 32 to 56 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance, as represented by the results of its operations and its cash flows, for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards in Australia and the Corporations Regulations 2001;
- (b) the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2 (c); and
- (c) subject to the matters discussed in Note 2(e), there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the directors in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the year ending 30 June 2012. This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Patrick McManus
Managing Director
Perth

Potash West NL
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Independent Auditor's Report



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Independent auditor's report to the members of Potash West NL

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Potash West NL, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal controls as the directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 2(c), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We have given to the directors of the company a written Auditor's Independence Declaration, a copy of which is included in the directors' report.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)



Opinion

In our opinion:

- a. the financial report of Potash West NL is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - i giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - ii complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b. the financial report also complies with *International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 2(c).

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2012. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Potash West NL for the year ended 30 June 2012, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Material Uncertainty Regarding Continuation as a Going Concern

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 2(f) in the financial report. As a result of these matters, there is significant uncertainty whether the company will continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report. The financial report does not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the company not continue as a going concern.

Ernst & Young

Robert A Kirkby
Partner
Perth
26 September 2012

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Shareholder Information

Distribution schedules of shareholders and statements of voting rights are set out in Table 1, whilst the Company's top twenty shareholders are shown in Table 2. Substantial shareholder notices that have been received by the Company are set out in Table 3.

Table 1
Shareholder spread

Ordinary shares, with right to attend meetings and vote personally or by proxy, through show of hands and, if required, by ballot (one vote for each share)

1-1,000	116
1,001-5,000	324
5,001-10,000	304
10,001-100,000	614
100,001 - and over	76
Total holder of ordinary shares	1,434
Total number of ordinary shares	83,795,833

Table 2
Top twenty shareholders

Shareholder	Number of shares	Percentage
1. Barclay Wells Limited <Nominee A/C>	15,000,000	17.90%
2. Elsinore Energy Pty Ltd	12,500,000	14.92%
3. UOB Kay Hian Private Limited <Clients A/C>	4,896,360	5.84%
4. HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	4,384,616	5.23%
5. Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	1,718,671	2.05%
6. Patrick McManus	1,700,000	2.03%
7. Sept Rogues Ltd	1,400,000	1.67%
8. National Nominees Limited	1,046,475	1.25%
9. Chaoyang Zheng	1,000,000	1.19%
10. Pontian Orico Plantations SDN BHD	913,762	1.09%
11. Mr Frederick Denis L'Aime Ribton	906,123	1.08%
12. Mr Thai Choy Yap	888,888	1.06%
13. Thio Kiem Tjhiang Holdings Pte Ltd	666,666	0.80%
14. Mr Mahendram S/O Rajaratnam	666,666	0.80%
15. WIT Team Enterprises Limited	555,955	0.66%
16. Rajendram Chandrika	500,000	0.60%
17. Shao Yu Lu	500,000	0.60%
18. Merrill Lynch (Australia) Nominees Pty Limited	500,000	0.60%
19. Mr Bruno Carraro & Mrs Giuseppina Carraro <Investment A/C>	500,000	0.60%
20. Mr Hayden Robert Aspinall	426,177	0.51%

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Shareholder Information (continued)

Table 3
Substantial shareholders

Shareholder	Number of shares	Percentage
1. Barclay Wells Limited <Nominee A/C>	15,000,000	17.90%
2. Elsinore Energy Pty Ltd	12,500,000	14.92%

Voting Rights

The voting rights attached to each class of equity securities are set out below.

(a) Ordinary shares

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

Unlisted options as at 30 June 2012

Details of unlisted option holders are as follow:

Class of unlisted options	No. Options
Options exercisable at \$0.40 on or before 8 September 2016	100,000
Holders of more than 20% of this class	1
Options exercisable at \$0.60 on or before 8 September 2016	100,000
Holders of more than 20% of this class	1
Options exercisable at \$0.30 on or before 8 September 2014	500,000
Holders of more than 20% of this class	1
Options exercisable at \$0.28 on or before 30 November 2014	1,250,000
Holders of more than 20% of this class	1

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Tenement Register

Tenements (Australia)

Tenements Name	Project	Holder	Details
Quinns Hill	E70/3100	Image Resources NL	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Gin Gin	E70/3360	A C Griffin	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Bell	E70/3418	Image Resources NL	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Mindara	E70/3635	Richmond Resources Pty Ltd	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Mindara	E70/3636	Torbinup Resources Pty Ltd	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Dinner Hill	E70/3987	Richmond Resources Pty Ltd	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Dalaroo North	E70/3988	Richmond Resources Pty Ltd	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Daraloo South	E70/3989	Richmond Resources Pty Ltd	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Fernview	E70/3999	Image Resources NL	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Duntery	E70/4000	Image Resources NL	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Whyona	E70/4001	Image Resources NL	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Mogumber	E70/4124	Potash West NL	Pending
Jam Hill	E70/4137	Potash West NL	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Bald Hill	E70/4138	Potash West NL	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Ingra Hills	E70/4139	Potash West NL	100% Mineral Rights for Potash
Quinns Hill	E70/3100	Image Resources NL	100% Mineral Rights for Potash